

AA

(19)



Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

EP 0 780 472 A2

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:

25.06.1997 Bulletin 1997/26

(21) Application number: 96120662.0

(22) Date of filing: 20.12.1996

(51) Int. Cl.⁶: C12N 15/12, C07K 14/435,

C12N 1/21, C12N 15/70,

C07K 16/18, A61K 31/70,

C12Q 1/68, A61K 39/00,

G01N 33/577, C12N 15/79

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AT BE CH DE ES FR GB IT LI NL SE

(30) Priority: 20.12.1995 JP 349661/95

23.07.1996 JP 213181/96

(71) Applicant: Hsp Research Institute, Inc.

Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka (JP)

(72) Inventors:

• Ikeda, Jun

Tokyo (JP)

• Kaneda, Sumiko

Kyoto-shi, Kyoto (JP)

• Yanagi, Hideki

Takarazuka-shi, Hyogo-ken (JP)

• Matsumoto, Masayasu

Mino-shi, Osaka (JP)

• Yura, Takashi

Kyoto-shi, Kyoto (JP)

(74) Representative: VOSSIUS & PARTNER

Postfach 86 07 67

81634 München (DE)

Remarks:

The applicant has subsequently filed a sequence listing and declared, that it includes no new matter.

(54) Stress proteins

(57) Described is a stress protein named ORP150, polynucleotides encoding said protein as well as antibodies against the ORP150 protein. Furthermore, pharmaceutical compositions comprising these proteins, polynucleotides or antibodies are described and their use for the treatment of ischemic diseases.

EP 0 780 472 A2

Description

The present invention relates to an oxygen-regulated protein 150 (ORP150). Specifically, the invention relates to the amino acid sequence of such ORP150 polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding ORP150 polypeptides, promoters of ORP150 genes and antibodies specific to ORP150 polypeptides.

Since the expression of a 70 kDa heat shock protein (HSP70) in cerebral ischemic lesions was reported for the first time, various stress proteins, represented by HSP70, have been reported to be expressed in myocardial ischemic and atherosclerotic lesions, as well as cerebral ischemic lesions. The fact that the induction of HSP, a mechanism of defence against heat stress, is seen in ischemic lesions, suggests that the stress response of the body to ischemic hypoxia is an active phenomenon involving protein neogenesis. Regarding cultured cells, stressful situations that cause ischemia in vivo, such as hypoglycemia and hypoxia, have been shown to induce a group of non-HSP stress proteins, such as glucose-regulated protein (GRP) and oxygen-regulated protein (ORP).

ORP is therefore expected to serve in the diagnosis and treatment of ischemic diseases.

Hori et al. have recently found that exposure of cultured rat astrocytes to hypoxic conditions induces 150, 94, 78, 33 and 28 kDa proteins [J. Neurochem., 66, 973-979(1996)]. These proteins, other than the 150 kDa protein, were identified as GRP94, GRP78, hemoxygenase 1 and HSP28, respectively, while the 150 kDa protein (rat ORP150) remains not to be identified. In addition, there has been no report of human ORP150 protein.

Accordingly, the technical problem underlying the present invention is to provide ORP150 proteins, namely those of human and rat origin, the amino acid sequences of these proteins as well as nucleotide sequences encoding these proteins, the promoter regions of the corresponding genes and antibodies against ORP150 proteins or fragments thereof which are useful in the diagnosis and treatment of ischemic diseases.

This technical problem has been solved by the provision of the embodiments characterized in the claims.

Thus, in a first aspect, the present invention relates to a polynucleotide encoding an ORP150 polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) polynucleotides encoding the polypeptide having the amino acid sequence as depicted in SEQ ID NO:1 or a fragment of the polypeptide;
- (b) polynucleotides comprising the coding region of the nucleotide sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO:2 or a fragment thereof;
- (c) polynucleotides encoding the polypeptide having the amino acid sequence as depicted in SEQ ID NO:3 or a fragment of the polypeptide;
- (d) polynucleotides comprising the coding region of the nucleotide sequence as depicted in SEQ ID NO:4 or a fragment thereof;
- (e) polynucleotides encoding an ORP150 polypeptide which differs from the polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide of (a) or (c) due to deletion(s), addition(s), insertion(s) and/or substitutions (s) of one or more amino acid residues; and
- (f) polynucleotides the complementary strand of which hybridizes to a polynucleotide of any one of (a) to (e) and which encode an ORP150 polypeptide;

and the complementary strand of such a polynucleotide.

In still another embodiment, the present invention relates to a polynucleotide capable of hybridizing to the above polynucleotide or a fragment thereof and having promoter activity.

In still another embodiment, the present invention relates to a recombinant DNA, e.g. vectors, which contains a nucleotide sequence of the present invention.

In still another embodiment, the present invention relates to an expression vector which contains the recombinant DNA of the present invention, to host cells transformed with polynucleotides or vectors of the invention and to a process for the production of an ORP150 protein by cultivating such host cells. In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to the polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides of the invention.

In still another embodiment, the present invention relates to an antibody or fragment thereof which specifically binds to the polypeptide of the present invention, and to nucleic acid molecules which specifically hybridize to polynucleotides of the present invention.

In still another embodiment the present invention relates to pharmaceutical and diagnostic compositions comprising the above-described polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies and/or nucleic acid molecules.

Figure 1 indicates a schematic diagram of the exon-intron structure of the human ORP gene. Black squares represent the exons.

Figure 2 shows the results of the Northern blot analysis of ORP150 mRNA extracted from human astrocytoma U373 cells after exposure to various types of stress.

Figure 3 shows the results of the Northern blot analysis of ORP150 mRNA from adult human tissues.

One embodiment of a polynucleotide of the present invention is a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide compris-

ing the amino acid sequence shown by SEQ ID NO:1 in the sequence listing, and constituting the human oxygen-regulated protein ORP150 which is obtainable by inducement under hypoxic conditions. Another embodiment of a polynucleotide of the present invention is a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence shown by SEQ ID NO: 3 in the sequence listing, and constituting the rat oxygen-regulated protein ORP150 which is obtainable by inducement under hypoxic conditions. The polynucleotides of the present invention also include those which code for polypeptides each comprising a portion of the above-described polypeptides, and those encoding the entire or portion of the above-described polypeptides. It is a well-known fact that mutation occurs in nature; some of the amino acids of ORP150 protein may be replaced or deleted, and other amino acids may be added or inserted. Mutation can also be induced by gene engineering technology. It is therefore to be understood that substantially homologous polypeptides resulting from such mutations in one or more amino acid residues are also included in the scope of the present invention as long as they are obtainable by inducement under hypoxic conditions.

Further embodiments of a polynucleotide of the present invention are polynucleotides comprising the nucleotide sequence shown by SEQ ID NO:2 in the sequence listing, i.e., human ORP150 cDNA and polynucleotides comprising the nucleotide sequence shown by SEQ ID NO:4 in the sequence listing which represents rat ORP150 cDNA. Polynucleotides comprising a portion of these polynucleotides, and those containing the entire or portion of these polynucleotides are also included in the scope of the present invention. As stated above, the ORP150 gene may have some bases replaced, deleted, added or inserted by mutations, and the resulting polynucleotides with partially different nucleotide sequences are also included in the scope of the present invention, as long as they are substantially homologous and encode a polypeptide obtainable by inducement under hypoxic conditions.

The present invention also relates to a polynucleotide the complementary strand of which hybridizes to a polynucleotide as described above and which codes for an ORP150 polypeptide, this means for a polypeptide inducible under hypoxic conditions. "Hybridizing" in this regard means preferably hybridization under stringent conditions. The hybridizing polynucleotides have preferably a sequence identity of at least 50% most preferably of at least 70%, with the polynucleotides described above. The term "stringent conditions" means that hybridization will occur only if there is at least 95% and preferably at least 97% identity between the sequences.

The polynucleotides of the present invention may be RNA or DNA molecules. DNA molecules can, for example, be cDNA, genomic DNA, double or single stranded DNA, isolated from natural sources, produced in vitro or by chemical synthesis methods. The polynucleotides of the invention can code for an ORP150 polypeptide from any organism expressing such a polypeptide, preferably from eukaryots, for example, insects, vertebrates, preferably mammals and most preferably from human, rat, mouse, bovine, sheep, goat or pig.

Furthermore, the present invention also relates to recombinant nucleic acid molecules which comprise a polynucleotide according to the invention. Examples for such molecules are vectors, namely plasmids, cosmids, phagemids, recombinant phages, viruses etc.

In a preferred embodiment the polynucleotide according to the invention present in such a recombinant nucleic acid molecule is linked to regulatory elements which allow for expression in prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cells. Such regulatory elements are well known in the art and include promoters, transcriptional and translational enhancers and the like.

The term "recombinant DNA" as used herein is defined as any DNA containing a polynucleotide described above.

The term "expression vector" as used herein is defined as any vector containing the recombinant DNA of the present invention and expressing a desired protein by introduction into the appropriate host.

The term "clone" as used herein means not only a cell into which a polynucleotide of interest has been introduced but also the polynucleotide of interest itself.

The term "inducement under hypoxic conditions" used herein means an increase in protein synthesis upon exposing cells to an oxygen-depleted atmosphere.

The present invention furthermore relates to host cells transformed and genetically engineered with a polynucleotide according to the invention. These may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells. They may be homologous or heterologous with respect to the introduced polynucleotide. If they are homologous they can be distinguished from naturally occurring cells by the feature that they comprise in addition to a naturally occurring ORP150 gene, at least one further copy of an ORP150 coding region which is integrated into the genome in a position in which it does normally not occur. This can be confirmed, e.g., by Southern blotting. Suitable host cells include, for example, bacteria such as *E. coli* and *Bacillus subtilis*, yeast such as *S. cerevisiae*, vertebrate cells, insect cells, mammalian cells, e.g. rat, mouse or human cells.

Moreover, the present invention relates to a process for the production of an ORP150 polypeptide which comprises the steps of culturing the host according to the invention and recovering the produced polypeptide from the cells and/or the culture medium.

The present invention also relates to the polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides according to the invention or obtainable by the above described process.

The amino acid sequences and nucleotide sequences of the present invention can, for example, be determined as follows: First, poly(A)⁺ RNA is prepared from rat astrocytes exposed to hypoxic conditions. After cDNA is synthesized from said poly(A)⁺ RNA using random hexamer primers, a cDNA library is prepared using the pSPORT1 vector (pro-

duced by Life Technology), or the like.

Next, PCR is conducted using oligonucleotide primers synthesized on the basis of the nucleotide sequence of the pSPORT1 vector used to prepare the cDNA library above and the degenerate nucleotide sequences deduced from the N-terminal amino acid sequence of purified rat ORP150, to yield a large number of amplified DNA fragments. These DNA fragments are then inserted into the pT7 Blue vector (produced by Novagen), or the like, for cloning to obtain a clone having nucleotide sequence which perfectly encodes the N-terminal amino acid sequence. Purification of ORP150 can be achieved by commonly used methods of protein purification, such as column chromatography and electrophoresis, in combination as appropriate.

In addition, by screening the above-described rat astrocyte cDNA library by colony hybridization using the insert in above clone as a probe, a clone having an insert thought to encode rat ORP150 can be obtained. This clone is subjected to stepwise deletion from both the 5'- and 3'-ends, and oligonucleotide primers prepared from determined nucleotide sequences are used to determine the nucleotide sequence sequentially. If the clone thus obtained does not encode the full length of rat ORP150, an oligonucleotide probe is synthesized on the basis of the nucleotide sequence of the 5'- or 3'-region of the insert, followed by screening for a clone containing the nucleotide sequence extended further in the 5' or 3' direction, for example, the Gene Trapper cDNA Positive Selection System Kit (produced by Life Technology) based on hybridization using magnetic beads. The full-length cDNA of the rat ORP150 gene is thus obtained.

Separately, the following procedure is followed to obtain a human homologue of rat ORP150 cDNA. Poly(A)⁺RNA is prepared from the human astrocytoma U373 exposed to hypoxic conditions. After cDNA is synthesized from said poly(A)⁺RNA using random hexamer primers and an oligo(dT) primer, said cDNA is inserted into the EcoRI site of the pSPORT1 vector to prepare a cDNA library. Human ORP150 cDNA is then obtained using the Gene Trapper Kit and the nucleotide sequence is determined in the same manner as with rat ORP150 above.

The nucleotide sequence of human ORP150 cDNA is thus determined as that shown by SEQ ID NO:2 in the sequence listing, based on which the amino acid sequence of human ORP150 is determined.

Exposure of astrocytes to hypoxic conditions can, for example, be achieved by the method of Ogawa et al. [Ogawa, S., Gerlach, H., Esposito, C., Mucaulay, A.P., Brett, J., and Stern, D., J. Clin. Invest., 85, 1090-1098 (1990)].

Furthermore, the following procedure is followed to obtain human ORP150 genomic DNA. A genomic library purchased from Clontech (derived from human placenta, Cat. #HL1067J) is used. Screening is conducted by hybridization using a DNA fragment consisting of 202 bp of the 5' untranslated region and 369 bp of the coding region, derived from the rat cDNA clone, as well as a 1351 bp DNA fragment containing the termination codon, derived from the human cDNA, as probes. Two clones containing the ORP150 gene are isolated, one containing exons 1 through 24 and the other containing exons 16 through 26; the entire ORP150 gene is composed by combining these two clones. The nucleotide sequence of the 15851 bp human ORP150 genomic DNA is determined; its nucleotide sequence from the 5'-end to just before the translation initiation codon ATG in exon 2 is shown by SEQ ID NO:12 in the sequence listing.

As stated above, the present invention includes polypeptides containing the entire or portion of the polypeptide (human ORP150) having the amino acid sequence shown by SEQ ID NO:1 in the sequence listing. The present invention also includes the entire or portion of the polypeptide having the amino acid sequence shown by SEQ ID NO:1 in the sequence listing; for example, polynucleotides containing the entire or portion of the nucleotide sequence shown by SEQ ID NO:2 in the sequence listing are included in the scope of the present invention. The present invention also includes specific antibodies against these polypeptides of the present invention, and fragments thereof.

An antibody against a polypeptide of the present invention, which polypeptide contains the entire or portion of human or rat ORP150, can be prepared by a conventional method [Current Protocols in Immunology, Coligan, J.E. et al. eds., 2.4.1-2.4.7, John Wiley & Sons, New York (1991)]. Specifically, a rat ORP150 band, separated by, for example, SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, is cut out and given to a rabbit etc. for immunization, after which blood is collected from the immunized animal to obtain an antiserum. An IgG fraction can be obtained if necessary by affinity chromatography using immobilized protein A, or the like. A peptide identical to the partial amino acid sequence of ORP150 can be chemically synthesized as a multiple antigen peptide (MAP) [Tam, J.P., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 85, 5409-5413 (1988)], and can be used for immunization in the same manner as above.

It is also possible to prepare a monoclonal antibody by a conventional method [Cell & Tissue Culture; Laboratory Procedure (Doyle, A. et al., eds.) 25A:1-25C:4, John Wiley & Sons, New York (1994)] using a polypeptide containing the entire or portion of human or rat ORP150 as an antigen. Specifically, a hybridoma is prepared by fusing mouse splenocytes immunized with said antigen and a myeloma cell line, and the resulting hybridoma is cultured or intraperitoneally transplanted to the mouse to produce a monoclonal antibody.

The fragments resulting from protease digestion of these antibodies as purified can also be used as antibodies of the present invention.

The present invention also relates to nucleic acid molecules which specifically hybridize with a polynucleotide according to the invention or with the complementary strand of such a polynucleotide. "Specifically hybridizing" means that such molecules show no significant cross-hybridization to polynucleotides coding for proteins other than an ORP150 polypeptide. Preferably these nucleic acid molecules have a length of at least 15 nucleotides, more preferably of at least 30 nucleotides and most preferably of at least 50 nucleotides. In a preferred embodiment these molecules

have over their entire length a sequence identity to a corresponding region of a polynucleotide of the invention of at least 85%, preferably of at least 90% and most preferably of at least 95%. In a particularly preferred embodiment the sequence identity is at least 97%. These nucleic acid molecules can be used, for example, as hybridization probes for the isolation of related genes, as PCR primers, for the diagnosis of mutations of ORP150 genes, for the use in antisense molecules or ribozymes or the like.

The polynucleotides of the present invention, the polypeptides encoded by them, specific antibodies against these polypeptides or fragments thereof and the nucleic acid molecules specifically hybridizing to the above-mentioned polynucleotides are useful in the diagnosis and treatment of ischemic diseases, permitting utilization for the development of therapeutic drugs for ischemic diseases.

Thus, the present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide, polypeptide, antibody and/or nucleic acid molecule according to the invention. Optionally, such a composition also comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The invention also relates to diagnostic composition comprising a polynucleotide, polypeptide, antibody and/or nucleic acid molecule according to the invention.

In another embodiment the present invention relates to a polynucleotide comprising or containing the entire or portion of the nucleotide sequence shown by SEQ ID NO:12 in the sequence listing. This is a polynucleotide containing the promoter region of the human ORP150 gene. Polynucleotides capable of hybridizing to this polynucleotide under conventional hybridizing conditions (e.g., in 0.1 x SSC containing 0.1% SDS at 65°C) and possessing promoter activity are also included in the scope of the present invention. Preferably, such a promoter is able to promote transcription in cells when exposed to hypoxia. Successful cloning of said promoter region would dramatically advance the functional analysis of the human ORP150 gene and facilitate its application to the treatment of ischemic diseases.

The term "promoter" as used herein is defined as a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that activates or suppresses the transcription of a desired gene by being present upstream or downstream of said gene.

The following examples illustrate the present invention

Example 1

Cell culture and achievement of hypoxic condition

Rat primary astrocytes and microglia were obtained from neonatal rats by a modification of a previously described method [Maeda, Y., Matsumoto, M., Ohtsuki, T., Kuwabara, K., Ogawa, S., Hori, O., Shui, D.Y., Kinoshita, T., Kamada, T., and Stern, D., J. Exp. Med., 180, 2297-2308(1994)]. Briefly, cerebral hemispheres were harvested from neonatal Sprague-Dawley rats within 24 hours after birth, meninges were carefully removed, and brain tissue was digested at 37°C in minimal essential medium (MEM) with Joklik's modification (Gibco, Boston MA) containing Dispase II (3mg/ml; Boehringer-Mannheim, Germany). After centrifugation, the cell pellet was resuspended and grown in MEM supplemented with fetal calf serum (FCS; 10%; CellGrow, MA).

After 10 days, cytosine arabinofuranoside (10µg/ml; Wako Chemicals, Osaka, Japan) was added for 48 hours to prevent fibroblast overgrowth, and culture flasks were agitated on a shaking platform. Then, floating cells were aspirated (these were microglia), and the adherent cell population was identified by morphological criteria and immunohistochemical staining with anti-glial fibrillary acidic protein antibody. Cultures used for experiments were >98% astrocytes based on these techniques.

Human astrocytoma cell line U373 was obtained from American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) and cultured in Dulbecco's modified Eagle medium (produced by Life Technology) supplemented with 10% FCS.

Cells were plated at a density of about 5×10^4 cells/cm² in the above medium. When cultures achieved confluence, they were exposed to hypoxia using an incubator attached to a hypoxia chamber which maintained a humidified atmosphere with low oxygen tension (Coy Laboratory Products, Ann Arbor MI) as described previously [Ogawa, S., Gerlach, H., Esposito, C., Macaulay, A.P., Brett, J., and Stern, D., J. Clin. Invest., 85, 1090-1098 (1990)].

Example 2

Purification and N-terminal sequencing of the rat 150 kDa polypeptide

Rat primary astrocytes (about 5×10^8 cells) exposed to hypoxia for 48 hours were harvested, cells were washed three times with PBS(pH 7.0) and protein was extracted with PBS containing NP-40 (1%), PMSF (1mM), and EDTA (5mM). Extracts were then filtered (0.45 µm nitrocellulose membrane), and either subjected to reduced SDS-PAGE (7.5%, about 25µg) or 2-3 mg of protein was diluted with 50 ml of PBS (pH 7.0) containing NP-40(0.05%) and EDTA (5mM), and applied to FPLC Mono Q (bed volume 5 ml, Pharmacia, Sweden).

The column was washed with 0.2M NaCl, eluted with an ascending salt gradient (0.2 to 1.8 M NaCl) and 10 µl of each fraction (0.5 ml) was applied to reduced SDS-PAGE (7.5%), along with molecular weight markers (Biorad). Pro-

teins in the gel were visualized by silver staining. Fractions eluted from FPLC Mono Q which contained the 150 kDa polypeptide (#7-8) were pooled and concentrated by ultrafiltration (Amicon) 50-fold and about 200 µg of protein was applied to preparative, reduced SDS-PAGE (7.5%). Following electrophoresis, proteins in the gel were transferred electrophoretically (2A/cm²) to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) paper (Millipore, Tokyo), the paper was dried, stained with Coomassie Brilliant blue, and the band corresponding to 150 kDa protein (OPR150) was cut out for N-terminal sequencing using an automated peptide sequencing system (Applied Biosystems, Perkin-Elmer). The N-terminal 31-amino acid sequence was thus determined (SEQ ID NO:5).

Example 3

Preparation of rat astrocyte cDNA library

Total RNA was prepared from rat primary astrocytes (1.1×10^8 cells), in which ORP150 had been induced under hypoxic conditions, by the acid guanidinium-phenol-chloroform method [Chomczynski, P. and Sacchi, N., Anal. Biochem., 162, 156-159 (1987)]. Using 300 µg of the total RNA obtained, purification was conducted twice in accordance with the protocol for poly(A)⁺ RNA purification using oligo(dT)-magnetic beads (produced by Perceptive Diagnostics), to yield poly(A)⁺ RNA. Double-stranded cDNA was then synthesized using random hexamer primers, in accordance with the protocol for the Superscript Choice System (produced by Life Technology), and inserted into the EcoRI site of the pSPORT1 vector to prepare a cDNA library consisting of 5.4×10^5 independent clones.

Example 4

Cloning of rat ORP150 cDNA

Rat ORP150 cDNA was cloned as follows: First, to obtain a probe for colony hybridization, the cDNA library was subjected to PCR using a 20-base primer, 5'-AATACGACTCACTATAGGGA-3' (SEQ ID NO:6), which corresponds to the antisense strand of the T7 promoter region in the pSPORT1 vector, and 20 base mixed primers, 5'-AARCCiGGiGT-NCCNATGGA-3' (SEQ ID NO:8), which contains inosine residues and degenerate polynucleotides and which was prepared on the basis of the oligonucleotide sequence deduced from a partial sequence (KPGVPME) (SEQ ID NO:7) within the N-terminal amino acid sequence (LAVMSVDLGSESMKVAIVKPGVPMEIVLNKE) (SEQ ID NO:5); the resulting PCR product with a length of about 480 bp was inserted into the pT7 Blue Plasmid vector. Nucleotide sequences of the clones containing an insert of the expected size (480 bp) corresponding to the PCR product were determined using an automatic nucleotide sequencer (produced by Perkin-Elmer, Applied Biosystems). A clone containing a 39-nucleotide sequence encoding a peptide identical to the rat ORP150-specific amino acid sequence KPGVPMEIVLNKE (SEQ ID NO:9) in the insert was thus obtained.

Using the above insert of the clone as a probe, RNA from cultured rat astrocytes were subjected to Northern blotting; the results demonstrated that mRNA with a length of about 4 Kb was induced by hypoxic treatment. Thereupon, the above insert of the clone was labeled by the random prime labeling method (Ready TOGO, produced by Pharmacia) using α -[³²P]dCTP to yield a probe. Using this probe, 1.2×10^4 clones of the cDNA library were screened by colony hybridization to obtain a clone containing a 2800 bp insert. The nucleotide sequence of this clone insert was determined by preparing deletion mutants using a kilosequence deletion kit (produced by Takara Shuzo).

Since this clone did not contain the 3'-region of the ORP150 coding sequence, the following two 20-base oligonucleotides were prepared on the basis of the specific nucleotide sequence near the 3' end of the above insert, to obtain the full-length sequence.

5'-GCACCCTTGAGGAAAATGCT-3' (SEQ ID NO:10)

5'-CCCAGAAGCCCAATGAGAAG-3' (SEQ ID NO:11)

Using the two oligonucleotides, a clone containing the entire coding region was selected from the rat astrocyte cDNA library in accordance with the protocol for the Gene Trapper cDNA Positive Selection System (produced by Life Technology), and its nucleotide sequence was determined.

The nucleotide sequence of rat ORP150 cDNA was thus determined as shown by SEQ ID NO:4 in the sequence listing. Based on this nucleotide sequence, the amino acid sequence of rat ORP150 was determined as shown by SEQ ID NO:3 in the sequence listing.

Example 5

Preparation of human U373 cDNA library

Poly(A)⁺ RNA was purified from U373 cells (1×10^8 cells) in which human ORP150 had been induced under hypoxic conditions, in the same manner as described in Example 3. Double-stranded cDNA was then synthesized in

accordance with the protocol for the Superscript Choice System (produced by Life Technology) using a 1:1 mixture of random hexamer primers and an oligo(dT) primer. This cDNA was inserted into the EcoRI site of the pSPORT1 vector to prepare a cDNA library consisting of 2×10^5 independent clones.

Specifically, the library was prepared as follows: Human U373 cells, cultured in 10 plastic petri dishes (150 mm in diameter) (1×10^7 cells/dish), were subjected to hypoxic treatment for 48 hours by the method of Ogawa et al. [Ogawa, S., Gerlach, H., Esposito, C., Mucaulay, A.P., Brett, J., and Stern, D., *J. Clin. Invest.*, 85, 1090-1098 (1990)] as described in Example 3, after which total RNA was prepared by the acid guanidinium-phenol-chloroform method [Chomczynski, P. and Sacchi, N., *Anal. Biochem.*, 162, 156-159 (1987)]. Using 500 μ g of the total RNA obtained, purification was conducted twice in accordance with the protocol for poly(A)⁺ RNA purification using oligo(dT)-magnetic beads (produced by Perceptive Diagnostics), to yield poly(A)⁺ RNA. Double-stranded cDNA was then synthesized using 5 μ g of the poly(A)⁺ RNA and a 1:1 mixture of random hexamer primers and an oligo(dT) primer, in accordance with the protocol for the Superscript Choice System (produced by Life Technology), and inserted into the EcoRI site of the pSPORT1 vector to prepare a human U373 cDNA library consisting of 2×10^5 independent clones.

Example 6

Cloning of human ORP150 cDNA

Using two primers (SEQ ID NO:10 and SEQ ID NO:11) prepared on the basis of the above-described rat ORP150 cDNA specific sequence, a clone containing the entire coding region was selected from the human U373 cDNA library in accordance with the protocol for the Gene Trapper cDNA Positive Selection System (produced by Life Technology), and its nucleotide sequence was determined. The nucleotide sequence of human ORP150 cDNA was thus determined as shown by SEQ ID NO:2 in the sequence listing.

Specifically, 2×10^4 clones of the human U373 cDNA library were amplified in accordance with the protocol for the Gene Trapper cDNA Positive Selection System (produced by Life Technology). Five micrograms of the plasmid purified from amplified clones were treated with the Gene II and Exo III nuclease included in the kit to yield single-stranded DNA. An oligonucleotide (SEQ ID NO:10) prepared on the basis of the above-described rat ORP150 cDNA-specific sequence was biotinylated and subsequently hybridized to the above single-stranded DNA at 37°C for 1 hour. The single-stranded DNA hybridized to the oligonucleotide derived from rat ORP150 cDNA was selectively recovered by using streptavidin-magnetic beads, and was treated with the repair enzyme included in the kit using the oligonucleotide shown by SEQ ID NO:10 in the sequence listing as a primer, to yield double-stranded plasmid DNA.

The double-stranded plasmid DNA was then introduced to ElectroMax DH10B cells (produced by Life Technology) in accordance with the protocol for the Gene Trapper cDNA Positive Selection System, followed by colony PCR in accordance with the same protocol using two primers (SEQ ID NO:10 and SEQ ID NO:11) prepared on the basis of the rat ORP150 cDNA-specific sequence, to select clones that yield an about 550 bp PCR product. The nucleotide sequence of the longest insert among these clones, corresponding to the human ORP150 cDNA, was determined as shown by SEQ ID NO:2 in the sequence listing.

On the basis of this nucleotide sequence, the amino acid sequence of human ORP150 was determined as shown by SEQ ID NO:1 in the sequence listing.

The N-terminal amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 5) obtained with purified rat ORP150 corresponded to amino acids 33-63 deduced from both the human and rat cDNAs, indicating that the first 32 residues represent the signal peptides for secretion. The C-terminal KNDL sequence, which resembles KDEL sequence, a signal to retain the ER-resident proteins [Pelham, H.R.B., *Trends Biochem. Sci.* 15, 483-486 (1990)], may function as an ER-retention signal. The existence of a signal peptide at the N-terminus and the ER-retention signal-like sequence at the C-terminus suggests that ORP150 resides in the ER, consistent with the results of immunocytochemical analysis reported by Kuwabara et al. [Kuwabara, K., Matsumoto, M., Ikeda, J., Hori, O., Ogawa, S., Maeda, Y., Kitagawa, K., Imuta, N., Kinoshita, T., Stern, D.M., Yanagi, H., and Kamada, T., *J. Biol. Chem.* 271, 5025-5032 (1996)].

Analysis of protein data bases with the BLAST program [Altschul, S.F., Gish, W., Miller, W., Myers, E.W., and Lipman, D.J., *J. Mol. Biol.* 215, 403-410(1990)] showed that the N-terminal half of ORP150 has a modest similarity to the ATPase domain of numerous HSP70 family sequences. An extensive analysis with pairwise alignments [Pearson, W.R., and Lipman, D.J., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85, 2444-2448(1988)] revealed that amino acids 33-426 of human ORP150 was 32% identical to amino acids 1-380 of both inducible human HSP70.1 [Hunt, C., and Morimoto, R.I., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 82, 6455-6459 (1985)] and constitutive bovine HSC70 [DeLuca-Flaherty, C., and McKay, D.B., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 18, 5569(1990)], typical members of HSP70 family. An additional region similar to HSP70RY and hamster HSP110, which both belong to a new subfamily of large HSP70-like proteins [Lee-Yoon, D., Easton, D., Murawski, M., Burd, R., and Subjeck, J.R., *J. Biol. Chem.* 270, 15725-15733 (1995)], extended further to residue 487. A protein sequence motif search with PROSITE [Bairoch, A., and Bucher, P., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 22, 3583-3589(1994)] showed that ORP150 contains two of the three HSP70 protein family signatures: FYDMGSGSTVCTIV (amino acids 230-243, SEQ ID NO:1) and VILVGGATRVPRVQE (amino acids 380-394, SEQ ID NO:1) which completely matched

with the HSP70 signatures 2 and 3, respectively, and VDLG (amino acids 38-41, SEQ ID NO:1) which matched with the first four amino acids of the signature 1. Furthermore, the N-terminal region of ORP150 contained a putative ATP-binding site consisting of the regions (amino acids 36-53, 197-214, 229-243, 378-400, and 411-425, SEQ ID NO:1) corresponding to the five motifs specified by Bork et al. [Bork, P., Sander, C., and Valencia, A., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89, 7290-7294 (1992)]. Although the C-terminal putative peptide-binding domains of HSP70 family are generally less conserved [Rippmann, F., Taylor, W.R., Rothbard, J.B., and Green, N.M., EMBO J. 10, 1053-1059 (1991)], the C-terminal region flanked by amino acids 701 and 898 (SEQ ID NO:1) shared appreciable similarity with HSP110 (amino acids 595-793; 29% identity).

Example 7

Cloning of human ORP150 genomic DNA

A human genomic library purchased from Clontech (derived from human placenta, Cat. #HL1067J, Lot #1221, 2.5×10^6 independent clones) was used. A DNA fragment consisting of 202 bp of the 5' untranslated region and 369 bp of the coding region derived from the rat cDNA clone, as well as a 1351 bp DNA fragment containing the termination codon, derived from the human cDNA, were used as probes for plaque hybridization.

Escherichia coli LE392, previously infected with 1×10^6 pfu of the human genomic library, was plated onto 10 petri dishes 15 cm in diameter to allow plaque formation. The phage DNA was transferred to a nylon membrane (Hybond-N⁺, Amersham) and denatured with sodium hydroxide, after which it was fixed by ultraviolet irradiation. The rat cDNA probe was labeled using a DNA labeling kit (Ready To Go, Pharmacia), and hybridized with the membrane in the Rapid-hyb buffer (Amersham). After incubation at 65°C for 2 hours, the nylon membrane was washed with 0.2 x SSC-0.1% SDS, and a positive clone was detected on an imaging plate (Fuji Photo Film). Since the clone isolated contained only exons 1 through 24, 1.5×10^6 clones of the same library was screened again using the human cDNA probe in the same manner, resulting in isolation of one clone. This clone was found to contain exons 16 through 26, with an overlap with the 3' region of the above-mentioned clone. The entire region of the ORP150 gene was thus cloned by combining these two clones.

These two clones were cleaved with BamHI and subcloned into pBluescript IISK (Stratagene), followed by nucleotide sequence determination of the entire 15851 bp human ORP150 genomic DNA. The nucleotide sequence from the 5' end to just before the translation initiation codon ATG in exon 2 is shown by SEQ ID NO:12 in the sequence listing.

Furthermore, the nucleotide sequence of the 15851 bp human ORP150 genomic DNA was compared with that of the human ORP150 cDNA shown by SEQ ID NO:2 in the sequence listing, resulting in the demonstration of the presence of the exons at the positions shown below. A schematic diagram of the positions of the exons is shown in Figure 1.

| | | (Base position in SEQ ID:2) |
|----|---------|------------------------------|
| 5 | Exon 1 | 1908 - 2002 (1 - 95) |
| | Exon 2 | 2855 - 2952 (96 - 193) |
| | Exon 3 | 3179 - 3272 (194 - 287) |
| 10 | Exon 4 | 3451 - 3529 (288 - 366) |
| | Exon 5 | 3683 - 3837 (367 - 521) |
| | Exon 6 | 3962 - 4038 (522 - 598) |
| | Exon 7 | 4347 - 4528 (599 - 780) |
| 15 | Exon 8 | 4786 - 4901 (781 - 896) |
| | Exon 9 | 6193 - 6385 (897 - 1089) |
| | Exon 10 | 6593 - 6727 (1090 - 1224) |
| 20 | Exon 11 | 6850 - 6932 (1225 - 1307) |
| | Exon 12 | 7071 - 7203 (1308 - 1440) |
| | Exon 13 | 7397 - 7584 (1441 - 1628) |
| | Exon 14 | 7849 - 7987 (1629 - 1767) |
| 25 | Exon 15 | 9176 - 9236 (1768 - 1828) |
| | Exon 16 | 9378 - 9457 (1829 - 1908) |
| | Exon 17 | 9810 - 9995 (1909 - 2094) |
| 30 | Exon 18 | 10127 - 10299 (2095 - 2267) |
| | Exon 19 | 10450 - 10537 (2268 - 2355) |
| | Exon 20 | 10643 - 10765 (2356 - 2478) |
| | Exon 21 | 10933 - 11066 (2479 - 2612) |
| 35 | Exon 22 | 11195 - 11279 (2613 - 2697) |
| | Exon 23 | 12211 - 12451 (2698 - 2938) |
| | Exon 24 | 12546 - 12596 (2939 - 2989) |
| 40 | Exon 25 | 13181 - 13231 (2990 - 3040) |
| | Exon 26 | 13358 - 14823 (3041 - 4503) |

Example 8

Northern blot analysis

A 4.5-kb EcoRI fragment of human ORP150 cDNA was labeled with [α - 32 P]dCTP (3,000 Ci/mmol; Amersham Corp., Arlington Heights, IL) by using a DNA labeling kit (Pharmacia), and used as a hybridization probe. 20 μ g of total RNA prepared from U373 cells exposed to various stresses were electrophoresed and transferred onto a Hybond N⁺ membrane (Amersham Corp.). Multiple Tissue Northern Blots, in which each lane contained 2 μ g of poly(A) RNA from the adult human tissues indicated, was purchased from Clontech. The filter was hybridized at 65°C in the Rapid-hyb buffer (Amersham Corp.) with human ORP150, GRP78, HSP70, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (G3PDH), and β -actin cDNAs each labeled with [α - 32 P] dCTP, washed with 0.1 x SSC containing 0.1% SDS at 65°C, and followed by autoradiography.

As shown in Figure 2, the ORP150 mRNA level was highly enhanced upon 24 - 48 hours of exposure to hypoxia. In parallel experiments, treatment with 2-deoxyglucose (25 mM, 24 hours) or tunicamycin (5 μ g/ml, 24 hours) enhanced

ORP150 mRNA to the levels comparable to that induced by hypoxia. The induction levels were also comparable with those observed for mRNA of a typical glucose-regulated protein GRP78. Heat shock treatment failed to enhance ORP150 mRNA appreciably.

ORP150 mRNA was found to be highly expressed in the liver and pancreas, whereas little expression was observed in kidney and brain (Figure 3). Furthermore, the tissue specificity of ORP150 expression was quite similar to that of GRP78. The higher expression observed in the tissues that contain well-developed ER and synthesize large amounts of secretory proteins is consistent with the finding that ORP150 is localized in the ER (Kuwabara, K., Matsumoto, M., Ikeda, J., Hori, O., Ogawa, S., Maeda, Y., Kitagawa, K., Imuta, N., Kinoshita, T., Stern, D.M., Yanagi, H., and Kamada, T., J. Biol. Chem. 271, 5025-5032(1996)).

In conclusion, both the characteristic primary protein structure and the similarity found with GRP78 in stress inducibility and tissue specificity suggest that ORP150 plays an important role in protein folding and secretion in the ER, perhaps as a molecular chaperone, in concert with other GRPs to cope with environmental stress.

Those skilled in the art will recognize, or be able to ascertain using no more than routine experimentation, many equivalents to the specific embodiments of the present invention described specifically herein. Such equivalents are intended to be encompassed in the scope of the following claims.

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

```
(111)      NUMBER OF SEQUENCES:      12
```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 999 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

11

EP 0 780 472 A2

Ser Ala Asn Ala Asp His Met Ala Gln Ile Glu Gly Leu Met Asp Asp
325 330 335
Val Asp Phe Lys Ala Lys Val Thr Arg Val Glu Phe Glu Glu Leu Cys
340 345 350
Ala Asp Leu Phe Glu Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Val Gln Gln Ala Leu Gln
355 360 365
Ser Ala Glu Met Ser Leu Asp Glu Ile Glu Gln Val Ile Leu Val Gly
370 375 380
Gly Ala Thr Arg Val Pro Arg Val Gln Glu Val Leu Leu Lys Ala Val
385 390 395 400
Gly Lys Glu Glu Leu Gly Lys Asn Ile Asn Ala Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala
405 410 415
Met Gly Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Ala Ala Leu Ser Lys Ala Phe Lys Val
420 425 430
Lys Pro Phe Val Val Arg Asp Ala Val Val Tyr Pro Ile Leu Val Glu
435 440 445
Phe Thr Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Pro Gly Ile His Ser Leu Lys His
450 455 460
Asn Lys Arg Val Leu Phe Ser Arg Met Gly Pro Tyr Pro Gln Arg Lys
465 470 475 480
Val Ile Thr Phe Asn Arg Tyr Ser His Asp Phe Asn Phe His Ile Asn
485 490 495
Tyr Gly Asp Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Pro Glu Asp Leu Arg Val Phe Gly
500 505 510
Ser Gln Asn Leu Thr Thr Val Lys Leu Lys Gly Val Gly Asp Ser Phe
515 520 525
Lys Lys Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Glu Ser Lys Gly Ile Lys Ala His Phe Asn
530 535 540
Leu Asp Glu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Ser Val Phe
545 550 555 560
Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Asp Ser Ala Glu Glu Glu Ser Thr Leu Thr Lys
565 570 575
Leu Gly Asn Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Thr Pro Asp
580 585 590
Ala Lys Glu Asn Gly Thr Asp Thr Val Gln Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro
595 600 605
Ala Glu Gly Ser Lys Asp Glu Pro Gly Glu Gln Val Glu Leu Lys Glu
610 615 620
Glu Ala Glu Ala Pro Val Glu Asp Gly Ser Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro Glu
625 630 635 640
Pro Lys Gly Asp Ala Thr Pro Glu Gly Glu Lys Ala Thr Glu Lys Glu
645 650 655
Asn Gly Asp Lys Ser Glu Ala Gln Lys Pro Ser Glu Lys Ala Glu Ala
660 665 670
Gly Pro Glu Gly Val Ala Pro Ala Pro Glu Gly Glu Lys Lys Gln Lys
675 680 685
Pro Ala Arg Lys Arg Arg Met Val Glu Glu Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Val
690 695 700
Val Leu Asp Leu Pro Asp Leu Pro Glu Asp Lys Leu Ala Gln Ser Val
705 710 715 720
Gln Lys Leu Gln Asp Leu Thr Leu Arg Asp Leu Glu Lys Gln Glu Arg
725 730 735
Glu Lys Ala Ala Asn Ser Leu Glu Ala Phe Ile Phe Glu Thr Gln Asp
740 745 750
Lys Leu Tyr Gln Pro Glu Tyr Gln Glu Val Ser Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg
755 760 765

EP 0 780 472 A2

Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Trp Leu Glu Asp
 770 775 780
 Glu Gly Val Gly Ala Thr Val Met Leu Lys Glu Lys Leu Ala Glu
 785 790 795 800
 Leu Arg Lys Leu Cys Gln Gly Leu Phe Phe Arg Val Glu Glu Arg Lys
 805 810 815
 Lys Trp Pro Glu Arg Leu Ser Ala Leu Asp Asn Leu Leu Asn His Ser
 820 825 830
 Ser Met Phe Leu Lys Gly Ala Arg Leu Ile Pro Glu Met Asp Gln Ile
 835 840 845
 Phe Thr Glu Val Glu Met Thr Thr Leu Glu Lys Val Ile Asn Glu Thr
 850 855 860
 Trp Ala Trp Lys Asn Ala Thr Leu Ala Glu Gln Ala Lys Leu Pro Ala
 865 870 875 880
 Thr Glu Lys Pro Val Leu Leu Ser Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Lys Met Met
 885 890 895
 Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Val Gln Tyr Leu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Phe Thr
 900 905 910
 Lys Pro Arg Pro Arg Pro Lys Asp Lys Asn Gly Thr Arg Ala Glu Pro
 915 920 925
 Pro Leu Asn Ala Ser Ala Ser Asp Gln Gly Glu Lys Val Ile Pro Pro
 930 935 940
 Ala Gly Gln Thr Glu Asp Ala Glu Pro Ile Ser Glu Pro Glu Lys Val
 945 950 955 960
 Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Pro Gly Asp Thr Glu Pro Leu Glu Leu Gly Gly
 965 970 975
 Pro Gly Ala Glu Pro Glu Gln Lys Glu Gln Ser Thr Gly Gln Lys Arg
 980 985 990
 Pro Leu Lys Asn Asp Glu Leu
 995

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 45C3 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: E

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

TTGTGAAGGG CGCGGGTGGG GGGCGCTGCC GGCCTCGTGG GTACGTTCTG GCCGCGTCTG 60
 TCCCAGAGCT GGGGCCGCAG GAGCGGAGGC AAGAGGGGCA CTATGGCAGA CAAAGTTAGG 120
 AGGCAGAGGC CGAGGAGGCG AGTCTGTTGG GCCTTGGTGG CTGTGCTCTT GGCAGACCTG 180
 TTGGCACTGA GTGATACACT GGCAGTGATG TCTGTGGACC TGGGCAGTGA GTCCATGAAG 240

GTGGCCATTG TCAAACCTGG AGTGCCCATG GAAATTGTCT TGAATAAGGA ATCTCGGAGG 300
 AAAACACCGG TGATCGTGAC CCTGAAAGAA AATGAAAGAT TCTTTGGAGA CAGTGCAGCA 360
 5 AGCATGGCGA TTAAGAATCC AAAGGCTACG CTACGTTACT TCCAGCACCT CCTGGGGAAG 420
 CAGGCAGATA ACCCCCATGT AGCTCTTTAC CAGSCCCGCT TCCCGGAGCA CGAGCTGACT 480
 TTCGACCCAC AGAGGCAGAC TGTGCACTTT CAGATCAGCT CGCAGCTGCA GTTCTCACCT 540
 10 GAGGAAGTGT TGGGCATGGT TCTCAATTAT TCTCGTTCTC TAGCTGAAGA TTTTGCAGAG 600
 CAGCCCATCA AGGATGCAGT GATCACCGTG CCAGTCTTCT TCAACCAGGC CGAGCGCCGA 660
 15 GCTGTGCTGC AGGCTGCTCG TATGGCTGGC CTCAAAGTGC TGCAGTCAT CAATGACAAC 720
 ACCGCCACTG CCCTCAGCTA TGGTGTCTTC CGCCGAAAG ATATTAACAC CACTGCCCAG 780
 AATATCATGT TCTATGACAT GGGCTCAGGC AGCACCGTAT GCACCATTGT GACCTACCAG 840
 20 ATGGTGAAGA CTAAGGAAGC TGGGATGCAG CCACAGCTGC AGATCCGGGG AGTAGGATTT 900
 GACCGTACCC TGGGGGGCCT GGAGATGGAG CTCCGGCTTC GAGAACGCCT GGCTGGGCTT 960
 TTCAATGAGC AGCGCAAGGG TCAGAGAGCA AAGGATGTGC GGGAGAACCC GCGTGCCATG 1020
 25 GCCAAGCTGC TGCCTGAGGC TAATCGGCTC AAAACCGTCC TCAGTGCCAA CGCTGACCAC 1080
 ATGGCACAGA TTGAAGGCCT GATGGATGAT GTGGACTTCA AGGCAAAAGT GACTCGTGTG 1140
 GAATTTGAGG AGTTGTGTGC AGACTTGTTT GAGCGGGTGC CTGGGCCTGT ACAGCAGGCC 1200
 30 CTCCAGAGTG CCGAAATGAG TCTGGATGAG ATTGAGCAGG TGATCCTGGT GGGTGGGGCC 1260
 ACTCGGGTCC CCAGAGTTCA GGAGGTGCTG CTGAAGGCCG TGGGCAAGGA GGAGCTGGGG 1320
 AAGAACATCA ATGCAGATGA AGCAGCCGCC ATGGGGGCAG TGTACCAGGC AGCTGCGCTC 1380
 35 AGCAAAGCCT TTAAAGTGAA GCCATTTGTC GTCCGAGATG CAGTGGTCTA CCCATCCTG 1440
 GTGGAGTTCA CGAGGGAGGT GGAGGAGGAG CCTGGGATTC ACAGCCTGAA GCACAATAAA 1500
 40 CGGGTACTCT TCTCTCGGAT GGGGCCCTAC CCTCAACGCA AAGTCATCAC CTTTAACCGC 1560
 TACAGCCATG ATTTCACTT CCACATCAAC TACGGCGACC TGGGCTTCCT GGGGCCTGAA 1620
 GATCTTCGGG TATTTGGCTC CCAGAATCTG ACCACAGTGA AGCTAAAAGG GGTGGGTGAC 1680
 45 AGCTTCAAGA AGTATCCTGA CTACGAGTCC AAGGGCATCA AGGCTCACTT CAACCTGGAT 1740
 GAGAGTGGCG TGCTCAGTCT AGACAGGGTG GAGTCTGTAT TTGAGACACT GGTAGAGGAC 1800
 AGCGCAGAAG AGGAATCTAC TCTACCAAA CTTGGCAACA CCATTTCAG CCTGTTTGA 1860
 50 GGCGGTACCA CACCAGATGC CAAGGAGAAT GGTACTGATA CTGTCCAGGA GGAAGAGGAG 1920

AGCCCTGCAG AGGGGAGCAA GGACGAGCCT GGGGAGCAGG TGGAGCTCAA GGAGGAAGCT 1980
GAGGCCCCAG TGGAGGATGG CTCTCAGCCC CCACCCCCTG AACCTAAGGG AGATGCAACC 2040
5 CCTGAGGGAG AAAAGGCCAC AGAAAAAGAA AATGGGGACA AGTCTGAGGC CCAGAAACCA 2100
AGTGAGAAGG CAGAGGCAGG GCCTGAGGGC GTCGCTCCAG CCCAGAGGG AGAGAAGAAG 2160
CAGAAGCCCG CCAGGAAGCG GCGAATGGTA GAGGAGATCG GGGTGGAGCT GGTGTCTCTG 2220
10 GACCTGCCTG ACTTGCCAGA GGATAAGCTG GCTCAGTCGG TGCAGAACT TCAGGACTTG 2280
ACACTCCGAG ACCTGGAGAA GCAGGAACGG GAAAAAGCTG CCAACAGCTT GGAAGCGTTC 2340
15 ATATTTGAGA CCCAGGACAA GCTGTACCAG CCCGAGTACC AGGAAGTGTC CACAGAGGAG 2400
CAGCGTGAGG AGATCTCTGG GAAGCTCAGC GCCGCATCCA CCTGGCTGGA GGATGAGGGT 2460
GTTGGAGCCA CCACAGTGAT GTTGAAGGAG AAGCTGGCTG AGCTGAGGAA GCTGTGCCAA 2520
20 GGGCTGTTTT TTCGGGTAGA GGAGCGCAAG AAGTGGCCCG AACGGCTGTC TGCCCTCGAT 2580
AATCTCCTCA ACCATTCCAG CATGTTCTC AAGGGGGCCC GGCTCATCCC AGAGATGGAC 2640
CAGATCTTCA CTGAGGTGGA GATGACAACG TTAGAGAAAG TCATCAATGA GACCTGGGCC 2700
25 TGGAAGAATG CAACTCTGGC CGAGCAGGCT AAGCTGCCCG CCACAGAGAA GCCTGTGTTG 2760
CTCTCAAAAG ACATTGAAGC TAAGATGATG GCCCTGGACC GAGAGGTGCA GTATCTGCTC 2820
AATAAGGCCA AGTTTACCAA GCCCCGGCCC CGGCCTAAGG ACAAGAATGG GACCCGGGCA 2880
30 GAGCCACCCC TCAATGCCAG TGCCAGTGAC CAGGGGGAGA AGGTCATCCC TCCAGCAGGC 2940
CAGACTGAAG ATGCAGAGCC CATTTCAGAA CCTGAGAAAG TAGAGACTGG ATCCGAGCCA 3000
GGAGACACTG AGCCTTTGGA GTTAGGAGGT CCTGGAGCAG AACCTGAACA GAAAGAACAA 3060
35 TCGACAGGAC AGAAGCGGCC TTTGAAGAAC GACGAACTAT AACCCCCACC TCTGTTTTCC 3120
CCATTCATCT CCACCCCCTT CCCCCACCAC TTCTATTTAT TTAACATCGA GGGTTGGGGG 3180
AGGGGTGGT CCTGCCCTCG GCTGGAGTTC CTTTCTCACC CCTGTGATTT GGAGGTGTGG 3240
40 AGAAGGGGAA GGGAGGGACA GCTCACTGGT TCCTTCTGCA GTACCTCTGT GGTAAAAAT 3300
GGAAACTGTT CTCCTCCCCA GCCCCACTCC CTGTTCCCTA CCCATATAGG CCCTAAATTT 3360
45 GGGAAAAATC ACTATTAATT TCTGAATCCT TTGCCTGTGG GTAGGAAGAG AATGGCTGCC 3420
AGTGGCTGAT GGGTCCCGGT GATGGGAAGG GTATCAGGTT GCTGGGGAGT TTCCACTCTT 3480
CTCTGGTGAT TGTTCTTCC CTCCCTTCTT CTCCCACCAT GCGATGAGCA TCCTTTCAGG 3540
50 CCAGTGTCTG CAGAGCCTCA GTTACCAGGT TTGGTTTCTG AGTGCCTATC TGTGCTCTT 3600

CCTCCCTCTG CGGGCTTCTC TTGCTCTGAG CCTCCCTTCC CCATTCCCAT GCAGCTCCTT 3660
 TCCCCCTGGG TTTCCTTGGC TTCCTGCAGC AAATTGGGCA GTTCTCTGCC CCTTGCCTAA 3720
 AAGCCTGTAC CTCTGGATTG GCGGAAGTAA ATCTGGAAGG ATTCTCACTC GTATTTCCCA 3780
 CCCCTAGTGG CCAGAGGAGG GAGGGGCACA GTGAAGAAGG GAGCCCACCA CCTCTCCGAA 3840
 GAGGAAAGCC ACGTAGAGTG GTTGGCATGG GGTGCCAGCA TCGTGCAAGC TCTGTCATAA 3900
 TCTGCATCTT CCCAGCAGCC TGGTACCCCA GGTTCTGTGTA ACTCCCTGCC TCCTCCTCTC 3960
 TTCTGCTGTT CTGCTCCTCC CAGACAGAGC CTTTCCCTCA CCCCCTGACC CCCTGGGCTG 4020
 ACCAAAATGT GCTTTCTACT GTGAGTCCCT ATCCCAAGAT CCTGGGGAAA GGAGAGACCA 4080
 TGGTGTGAAT GTAGAGATGC CACCTCCCTC TCTCTGAGGC AGGCCTGTGG ATGAAGGAGG 4140
 AGGGTCAGGG CTGGCCTTCC TCTGTGCATC ACTCTGCTAG GTTGGGGGCC CCCGACCCAC 4200
 CATACTACG CCTAGGGAGC CCGTCTCCA GTATTCCGTC TGTAGCAGGA GCTAGGGCTG 4260
 CTGCCTCAGC TCCAAGACAA GAATGAACCT GGCTGTTGCA GTCATTTTGT CTTTTCCTTT 4320
 TTTTTTTTTT GCCACATTGG CAGAGATGGG ACCTAAGGGT CCCACCCCTC ACCCCACCCC 4380
 CACCTCTTCT GTATGTTTGA ATTCTTTCAG TAGCTGTTGA TGCTGGTTGG ACAGGTTTGA 4440
 GTCAAATTGT ACTTTGCTCC ATTGTTAATT GAGAACTGT TTCAATAAAA TATTCTTTTC 4500
 TAC 4503

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

- (1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 999 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Met | Ala | Ala | Thr | Val | Arg | Arg | Gln | Arg | Pro | Arg | Arg | Leu | Leu | Cys | Trp |
| | | | | 5 | | | | | 10 | | | | | 15 | |
| Ala | Leu | Val | Ala | Val | Leu | Leu | Ala | Asp | Leu | Leu | Ala | Leu | Ser | Asp | Thr |
| | | | 20 | | | | | 25 | | | | | 30 | | |
| Leu | Ala | Val | Met | Ser | Val | Asp | Leu | Gly | Ser | Glu | Ser | Met | Lys | Val | Ala |
| | | | 35 | | | | 40 | | | | | 45 | | | |
| Ile | Val | Lys | Pro | Gly | Val | Pro | Met | Glu | Ile | Val | Leu | Asn | Lys | Glu | Ser |
| | | | 50 | | | 55 | | | | | 60 | | | | |
| Arg | Arg | Lys | Thr | Pro | Val | Thr | Val | Thr | Leu | Lys | Glu | Asn | Glu | Arg | Phe |
| | 65 | | | | 70 | | | | | 75 | | | | 80 | |
| Leu | Gly | Asp | Ser | Ala | Ala | Gly | Met | Ala | Ile | Lys | Asn | Pro | Lys | Ala | Thr |
| | | | | 85 | | | | | 90 | | | | | 95 | |

EP 0 780 472 A2

Leu Arg Tyr Phe Gln His Leu Leu Gly Lys Gln Ala Asp Asn Pro His
 100 105 110
 Val Ala Leu Tyr Arg Ser Arg Phe Pro Glu His Glu Leu Asn Val Asp
 115 120 125
 Pro Gln Arg Gln Thr Val Arg Phe Gln Ile Ser Pro Gln Leu Gln Phe
 130 135 140
 Ser Pro Glu Glu Val Leu Gly Met Val Leu Asn Tyr Ser Arg Ser Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Glu Asp Phe Ala Glu Gln Pro Ile Lys Asp Ala Val Ile Thr Val
 165 170 175
 Pro Ala Phe Phe Asn Gln Ala Glu Arg Arg Ala Val Leu Gln Ala Ala
 180 185 190
 Arg Met Ala Gly Leu Lys Val Leu Gln Leu Ile Asn Asp Asn Thr Ala
 195 200 205
 Thr Ala Leu Ser Tyr Gly Val Phe Arg Arg Lys Asp Ile Asn Ser Thr
 210 215 220
 Ala Gln Asn Ile Met Phe Tyr Asp Met Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Cys
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Ile Val Thr Tyr Gln Thr Val Lys Thr Lys Glu Ala Gly Thr Gln
 245 250 255
 Pro Gln Leu Gln Ile Arg Gly Val Gly Phe Asp Arg Thr Leu Gly Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Glu Met Glu Leu Arg Leu Arg Glu His Leu Ala Lys Leu Phe Asn
 275 280 285
 Glu Gln Arg Lys Gly Gln Lys Ala Lys Asp Val Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg
 290 295 300
 Ala Met Ala Lys Leu Leu Arg Glu Ala Asn Arg Leu Lys Thr Val Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Ala Asn Ala Asp His Met Ala Gln Ile Glu Gly Leu Met Asp Asp
 325 330 335
 Val Asp Phe Lys Ala Lys Val Thr Arg Val Glu Phe Glu Glu Leu Cys
 340 345 350
 Ala Asp Leu Phe Asp Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Val Gln Gln Ala Leu Gln
 355 360 365
 Ser Ala Glu Met Ser Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu Gln Val Ile Leu Val Gly
 370 375 380
 Gly Pro Thr Arg Val Pro Lys Val Gln Glu Val Leu Leu Lys Pro Val
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Lys Glu Glu Leu Gly Lys Asn Ile Asn Ala Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala
 405 410 415
 Met Gly Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Ala Ala Leu Ser Lys Ala Phe Lys Val
 420 425 430
 Lys Pro Phe Val Val Arg Asp Ala Val Ile Tyr Pro Ile Leu Val Glu
 435 440 445
 Phe Thr Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Pro Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Lys His
 450 455 460
 Asn Lys Arg Val Leu Phe Ser Arg Met Gly Pro Tyr Pro Gln Arg Lys
 465 470 475 480
 Val Ile Thr Phe Asn Arg Tyr Ser His Asp Phe Asn Phe His Ile Asn
 485 490 495
 Tyr Gly Asp Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Pro Glu Asp Leu Arg Val Phe Gly
 500 505 510
 Ser Gln Asn Leu Thr Thr Val Lys Leu Lys Gly Val Gly Glu Ser Phe
 515 520 525
 Lys Lys Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Glu Ser Lys Gly Ile Lys Ala His Phe Asn
 530 535 540

EP 0 780 472 A2

Leu Asp Glu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Ser Val Phe
 545 550 555 560
 Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Asp Ser Pro Glu Glu Ser Thr Leu Thr Lys
 565 570 575
 Leu Gly Asn Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Ser Ser Asp
 580 585 590
 Ala Lys Glu Asn Gly Thr Asp Ala Val Gln Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro
 595 600 605
 Ala Glu Gly Ser Lys Asp Glu Pro Ala Glu Gln Gly Glu Leu Lys Glu
 610 615 620
 Glu Ala Glu Ala Pro Met Glu Asp Thr Ser Gln Pro Pro Pro Ser Glu
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Lys Gly Asp Ala Ala Arg Glu Gly Glu Thr Pro Asp Glu Lys Glu
 645 650 655
 Ser Gly Asp Lys Ser Glu Ala Gln Lys Pro Asn Glu Lys Gly Gln Ala
 660 665 670
 Gly Pro Glu Gly Val Pro Pro Ala Pro Glu Glu Glu Lys Lys Gln Lys
 675 680 685
 Pro Ala Arg Lys Gln Lys Met Val Glu Glu Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Ala
 690 695 700
 Val Leu Asp Leu Pro Asp Leu Pro Glu Asp Glu Leu Ala His Ser Val
 705 710 715 720
 Gln Lys Leu Glu Asp Leu Thr Leu Arg Asp Leu Glu Lys Gln Glu Arg
 725 730 735
 Glu Lys Ala Ala Asn Ser Leu Glu Ala Phe Ile Phe Glu Thr Gln Asp
 740 745 750
 Lys Leu Tyr Gln Pro Glu Tyr Gln Glu Val Ser Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg
 755 760 765
 Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Thr Ser Thr Trp Leu Glu Asp
 770 775 780
 Glu Gly Phe Gly Ala Thr Thr Val Met Leu Lys Asp Lys Leu Ala Glu
 785 790 795 800
 Leu Arg Lys Leu Cys Gln Gly Leu Phe Phe Arg Val Glu Glu Arg Arg
 805 810 815
 Lys Trp Pro Glu Arg Leu Ser Ala Leu Asp Asn Leu Leu Asn His Ser
 820 825 830
 Ser Ile Phe Leu Lys Gly Ala Arg Leu Ile Pro Glu Met Asp Gln Ile
 835 840 845
 Phe Thr Asp Val Glu Met Thr Thr Leu Glu Lys Val Ile Asn Asp Thr
 850 855 860
 Trp Thr Trp Lys Asn Ala Thr Leu Ala Glu Gln Ala Lys Leu Pro Ala
 865 870 875 880
 Thr Glu Lys Pro Val Leu Leu Ser Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Lys Met Met
 885 890 895
 Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Val Gln Tyr Leu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Phe Thr
 900 905 910
 Lys Pro Arg Pro Arg Pro Lys Asp Lys Asn Gly Thr Arg Thr Glu Pro
 915 920 925
 Pro Leu Asn Ala Ser Ala Gly Asp Gln Glu Glu Lys Val Ile Pro Pro
 930 935 940
 Thr Gly Gln Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Ala Ile Leu Glu Pro Asp Lys Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Gly Leu Gly Thr Glu Ala Ala Asp Ser Glu Pro Leu Glu Leu Gly Gly
 965 970 975
 Pro Gly Ala Glu Ser Glu Gln Ala Glu Gln Thr Ala Gly Gln Lys Arg
 980 985 990

Pro Leu Lys Asn Asp Glu Leu
995

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 3252 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) IDENTIFICATION METHOD: E

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

TGAGGATGGA GCAGCGGTCG GGCCGCGGCT CCTAGGGGAG GCAGCGTGCT AGCTTCGGGG 60
GCGGGCCAGT AGCGGGAGCG AGGGCCGTAC GGACACCGGT CCCTTCGGCC TTGAAGTTCA 120
GGCGCTGAGC TGCCCCCTCG CGCTCGGGGT GGGCCGAAT CCATTTCTGG GAGTGGGATC 180
TTCCACCTTC ATCAGGGTCA CAATGGCAGC TACAGTAAGG AGGCAGAGGC CAAGGAGGCT 240
ACTCTGTTGG GCCTTGGTGG CTGTCCTCTT GGCAGACCTG TTGGCACTGA GTGACACACT 300
GGCTGTGATG TCTGTGGACC TGGGCAGTGA ATCCATGAAG GTGGCCATTG TCAAGCCTGG 360
AGTGCCCATG GAGATTGTAT TGAACAAGGA ATCTCGGAGG AAAACTCCGG TGAAGTGAC 420
CTTGAAGGAA AACGAAAGGT TTCTAGGTGA CAGTGCAGCT GGCATGGCCA TCAAGAACCC 480
AAAGGCTACG CTCCGTTATT TCCAGCACCT CCTTGAAAG CAGGCAGATA ACCCTCATGT 540
GGCTCTTTAC CGGTCCCGTT TCCAGAACA TGAGCTCAAT GTTGACCCAC AGAGGCAGAC 600
TGTGCGCTTC CAGATCAGTC CGCAGCTGCA GTTCTCTCCC GAGGAGGTGC TGGGCATGGT 660
TCTCAACTAC TCCC GTTCCC TGGCTGAAGA TTTTGCAGAA CAACCTATTA AGGATGCAGT 720
GATCACCGTG CCAGCCTTTT TCAACCAGGC CGAGCGCCGA GCTGTGCTGC AGGCTGCTCG 780
TATGGCTGGC CTCAAGGTGC TGCAGCTCAT CAATGACAAC ACTGCCACAG CCCTCAGCTA 840
TGGTGTCTTC CGCCGAAAG ATATCAATTC CACTGCACAG AATATCATGT TCTATGACAT 900
GGGCTCGGGC AGCACTGTGT GTACCATCGT GACCTACCAA ACGGTGAAGA CTAAGGAGGC 960
TGGGACGCAG CCACAGCTAC AGATCCGGGG CGTGGGATTT GACCGCACCC TGGGTGGCCT 1020
GGAGATGGAG CTTTCGGCTGC GAGAGCACCT GGCTAAGCTC TTCAATGAGC AGCGCAAGGG 1080

CCAGAAAGCC AAGGATGTTC GGGAAAACCC CCGAGCCATG GCCAAACTGC TTCGGGAAGC 1140
CAATCGGCTT AAAACCGTCC TGAGTGCCAA TGCTGATCAC ATGGCACAGA TTGAAGGCTT 1200
5 GATGGACGAT GTGGACTTCA AGGCAAAAGT AACTCGAGTG GAGTTTGAGG AGCTGTGTGC 1260
AGATTTGTTT GATCGAGTGC CTGGGCCTGT ACAGCAGGCC CTGCAGAGTG CTGAGATGAG 1320
10 CCTGGATCAA ATTGAGCAGG TGATCCTGGT GGGTGGGCCC ACTCGTGTTT CCAAAGTTCA 1380
AGAGGTGCTG CTGAAGCCTG TGGGCAAGGA GGAAC TAGGA AAGAACATCA ATGCCGATGA 1440
AGCAGCTGCC ATGGGGGCCG TGTACCAGGC AGCGGCACTG AGCAAAGCCT TCAAAGTGAA 1500
15 GCCATTTGTT GTGCGTGATG CTGTTATTTA CCCCATCCTG GTGGAGTTCA CAAGGGAGGT 1560
GGAGGAGGAG CCTGGGCTTC GAAGCCTGAA GCACAATAAA CGTGTGCTCT TCTCCCGAAT 1620
GGGGCCCTAC CCTCAGCGCA AAGTCATCAC CTTTAACCGA TACAGCCATG ATTTCAACTT 1680
20 TCACATCAAC TACGGTGACC TGGGCTTCCT GGGGCCTGAG GATCTTCGGG TATTTGGCTC 1740
CCAGAATCTG ACCACAGTGA AACTAAAAGG TGTGGGAGAG AGCTTCAAGA AATATCCTGA 1800
CTATGAGTCC AAAGGCATCA AGGCCCACTT TAACCTAGAC GAGAGTGGAG TGCTCAGTTT 1860
25 AGACAGGGTG GAGTCCGTAT TCGAGACCCT GGTGGAGGAC AGCCAGAGG AAGAGTCTAC 1920
TCTTACCAA CTTGGCAACA CCATTTCCAG CCTGTTTGGC GGTGGTACCT CATCAGATGC 1980
CAAAGAGAAT GGTACTGATG CTGTACAGGA GGAGGAGGAG AGCCCTGCTG AGGGGAGCAA 2040
30 GGATGAGCCT GCAGAACAGG GGGAAC TCA GAGGAAGCT GAAGCCCCAA TGGAGGATAC 2100
CTCCCAGCCT CCACCCTCTG AGCCTAAGGG GGATGCAGCC CGTGAGGGAG AAACACCTGA 2160
TGAAAAAGAA AGTGGGGACA AGTCTGAGGC CCAGAAGCCC AATGAGAAGG GGCAGGCAGG 2220
35 GCCTGAGGGT GTCCCTCCAG CTCCCGAGGA AGAAAAAAG CAGAAACCTG CCCGGAAGCA 2280
GAAAATGGTG GAGGAGATAG GTGTGGAAC TGGCTGTCTG GACCTGCCAG ACTTGCCAGA 2340
40 GGATGAGCTG GCCCATTCG TGCAGAACT TGAGGACTG ACCCTGCGAG ACCTTGAAAA 2400
GCAGGAGAGG GAGAAAGCTG CCAACAGCTT AGAAGCTTTT ATCTTTGAGA CCCAGGACAA 2460
ACTGTACCAA CCTGAGTACC AGGAAGTGTC CACTGAGGAA CAACGGGAGG AGATCTCTGG 2520
45 AAAACTCAGT GCCACTTCTA CCTGGCTGGA GGATGAGGGA TTTGGAGCCA CCACTGTGAT 2580
GTTGAAGGAC AAGCTGGCTG AGCTGAGAAA GCTGTGCCAA GGGCTGTTTT TTCGGGTGGA 2640
AGAGCGCAGG AATGGCCAG AGCGGCTTTC AGCTCTGGAT AATCTCCTCA ATCACTCCAG 2700
50 CATTTTCCTC AAGGGTGCCC GACTCATCCC AGAGATGGAC CAGATCTTCA CTGACGTGGA 2760

GATGACAACG TTGGAGAAAG TCATCAATGA CACCTGGACC TGGAAGAATG CAACCCTGGC 2820
 CGAGCAGGCC AAGCTTCCTG CCACAGAGAA ACCCGTGCTG CTTTCAAAAG ACATCGAGGC 2880
 5 CAAAATGATG GCCCTGGACC GGGAGGTGCA GTATCTACTC AATAAGGCCA AGTTTACTAA 2940
 ACCCCGGCCA CGGCCCAAGG ACAAGAATGG CACCCGGACA GAGCCTCCCC TCAATGCCAG 3000
 TGCTGGTGAC CAAGAGGAAA AGGTCATTCC ACCTACAGGC CAGACTGAAG AGGCGAAGGC 3060
 10 CATCTTAGAA CCTGACAAAG AAGGGCTTGG TACAGAGGCA GCAGACTCTG AGCCTCTGGA 3120
 ATTAGGAGGT CCTGGTGACG AATCTGAACA GGCAGAGCAG ACAGCAGGGC AGAAGCGGCC 3180
 15 TTTGAAGAAT GATGAGCTGT GACCCCGCGC CTCCGCTCCA CTTGCCTCCA GCCCCTTCTC 3240
 CTACCACCTC TA 3252

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

Leu Ala Val Met Ser Val Asp Leu Gly Ser Glu Ser Met Lys Val Ala
 5 10 15
 Ile Val Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu Ile Val Leu Asn Lys Glu
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid, synthetic nucleic acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

AATACGACTC ACTATAGGGA 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu
5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid, synthetic nucleic
acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

AARCCiGGiG TNCCNATGGA 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu Ile Val Leu Asn Lys Glu
5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid, synthetic nucleic
acid

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

GCACCCTTGA GGAAAATGCT 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid, synthetic nucleic acid

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

CCCAGAAGCC CAATGAGAAG 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2861 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA

(x1) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

GAAAGAAGTA GACATGGGAG ACTTCATTTT GTTCTGTACT AAGAAAAATT CTTCTGCCTT 60
GGGATGCTGT TGATCTATGA CCTTACCCCC AACCTGTGC TCTCTGAAAC ATGTGCTGTG 120
TCCACTCAGG GTTAAATGGA TTAAGGGCGG TGCAAGATGT GCTTTGTAA ACAGATGCTT 180
GAAGGCAGCA TGCTCGTTAG GAGTCATCAC CACTCCCTAA TCTCAAGTAC CCAGGGACAC 240
AAACACTGCG GAAGGCCACA GGGTCCTCTG CCTAGGAAAG CCAGAGACCT TTGTTCACCT 300
GTTTATCTGC TGACCTTCCC TCCACTATTG TCCTATGACC CTGCCAAATC CCCCTCTGCC 360
AGAAACACCC AAGAATGATC AATAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAGGAAG AATAGACTCT 420
CTCTGGGACT GCCAATAATT TTTCTTCTA AGCATAGACA CCGGACCACT CTCCACCTAA 480
GCATCACGAA AAATGTAGAG AAAGGAAGAG CTAAGAGCTC CTAAACAAG TTCAGGCTTG 540
ACACAACCCT GGCCCTGACA GCCAGGGTCT TCAAGCGGGC CTTTCTGTGA AGGGTGGCCA 600
GGCATCAACT TAGTAGGAGA GAAACAGAT GACTTATTTT CATCCACACT TAACGAAAAT 660
GCAGTCTCCA AGGACTGCGT ACATTTCTTT TTCGAGAAGG AGTCTCGCTG TTGTCGCCCA 720
GGCTGGAGTG CAGTGGCGCA GTCTGGGCTC ACAGCAACCT CTGCCTCCCG GATTCAAGCA 780
ATTCTCCTGC CTCAGCCTCG TGAGTAGCTG GGATTACAGG CACCCGCCAC CACGCCTGGC 840

TAATTTTTGT AGTTTTGGTA GAGACGGGGT TTCACCATGT TGGCCAGGCT GGTCTCGAAC 900
TCCTGACCTC CAGTGATTTCG CCCGCCTTGG CCTCCCAAAA TGCTGGGATT ACAGGCGTGA 960
5 GCCACCGCGC CCGGGCGACT GCGCACATTT CTATGGAGCT GTAAGTTAAA AGAGAAGGCA 1020
GTGAGGTGCT TCTGTCATTC TATGACAGAA ACAGCTAAAG AGTAGAGAAA TGTTCACAAG 1080
ATTTAATAGA ACAGAAATAG GAGAAGGTGC ACACAAGCTC AACCAACTAT AGCCTCACAA 1140
10 ATAAAAGTGT CTTTTGTGTG TAGTACTTAA GTTTGGAATA TTCTTTCTTA TACAAATGAG 1200
TGGGGCTTAA CCTAAGAAAT CCTGGCCAGA TTCTGCGACG AATGCATCGG TTATCTCTGA 1260
15 CCCATCAGCA AACATCTTTT TCTGTGGCTT CAGTTTCCTC AGTAAAACAG AGGGGGTTGC 1320
GACGGACTCA GTCCGAGGCA CAGCCATTCT CCAACGTCTA TCCAAAGCCT AGGGCACCTC 1380
AATACTAACC GGCAGGCCAG CGCCCCCTCC GCGGGGCTGC GGACAGGACG CCTGTTATTC 1440
20 CATTCCTCGG CCGGGCTCTA CAGGTGACCG GAAGAAGAGC CCCGAGTGGG GGAAGTGCAGT 1500
GCGCCCGACC TGCTCTAGGC GCAGGTCACT CCCGAACCCC GGCAGCAAAG CATCCAGCGC 1560
CGGAAAAGGT CCCGCGGTG CCCCAGGGCC GCGCTGGGG AGGAAGGAGT GGAGCGCGCT 1620
25 GGCCCCGTGA CGTGGTCCAA TCCCAGGCCG ACGCCGGCTG CTTCTGCCCC ACCGGTGGCT 1680
GGTCCCCTCC GCCGCCCCCA TTACAAGGCT GGCAAAGGGA GGGGGCGGGG CCTGGGACGT 1740
GGTCCAATGA GTACGCGCGC CGGGGCGGCG GGGGCGGGGC CGGGCGCGCA GCGCAGGGCC 1800
30 GGGCGGCCGA GGCTCCAATG AGCGCCCGCC GCGTCCGGGG CCGGCTGGTG CGCGAGACGC 1860
CGCCGAGAGG TTGGTGGCTA ATGTAACAGT TTGCAAACCG AGAGGAGTTG TGAAGGGCGC 1920
GGGTGGGGGG CGCTGCCGGC CTCGTGGGTA CGTTCGTGCC GCGTCTGTCC CAGAGCTGGG 1980
35 GCCGCAGGAG CGGAGGCAAG AGGTAGCGGG GGTGGATGGA GGTGCGGGCC GGCCACCCCT 2040
CCTAGGGGAG ACAGCGTGCG AGCTCCGGGG GCGGGTCGGG AGCGCAAGGG AGGGCCGCGC 2100
40 GGACGCCGGG CGCTCGGCCT CGCACCGGGG GGCACGCAGC TCGCCCCCG GTCTGTCCCC 2160
ACTTGCTGGG GCGGGCCGGG ATCCGTTTCC GGGAGTGGA GCCGCCGCCT TCGTCAGGTG 2220
GGGTTTAGGT GAACACCGGG TAACGGCTAC CCGCCGGGCG GGAACCTTA CCGCCCCTGG 2280
45 CACTGCGTCT GTGGGCACAG CGGGGCCGGG GAGTGAGCTG GGAAAGGGGA GGGGGCGGGA 2340
CAACCCGAG GGATGCCGAG GAGGAGATAG GCCTTTCCTT CATCCTAGCT ACCCCCAACG 2400
TCATTACCTT TCTCTTCCCG TCCAGGCCCA GCTGGCTTTC CCCGTCAGCG GGGGAGCTCC 2460
50 AGGTGTGGGG AGGTGGTTGA GCCCTGGGCG GGGATCCCTG GCCGCACCCC AGGTGTCTGA 2520

EP 0 780 472 A2

CAACAGGCAC AGTGCTGCGG TCGCCACTC ACTGCCTGTG TGGTGGACAA AAGGCTCGGG 2580
TCTCCTTTCT CTTGTCCTGT TAGCTTCTCT GTTTAGGGAT GTGGCAAAGC CGAGGACCCA 2640
5 TGCTCTTTCA CTTGGGCCTT TGTGTGGGCG CTGCTGGGAT GATTAGAGAA TGGTTGTAC 2700
CCATCAGGAG GGAGAAGGGG AGAAGTAGGC TGATCTGCCC TGGGTAAGAA TGAAGTAGAT 2760
10 ATGAATCTTA CAGCCTCTCC GTTCTGGGAT GTGATTCTGT CTCCTTCACT CCGGGTATCC 2820
AGTTTAAAGT GTTTTCTTTC TTCGCCTCCC CCAGGGGCAC T 2861

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT:

(A) NAME: HSP Research Institute, Inc.
 (B) STREET: 2-8, Doshomachi 2-chome, Chuo-ku,
 (C) CITY: Osaka-shi, Osaka
 (E) COUNTRY: JP
 (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): none

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: STRESS PROTEINS

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 12

(iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30 (EPO)

(v) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 96 12 0622.0

(vi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 7-349661
 (B) FILING DATE: 20-DEC-1995

(vi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 8-213181
 (B) FILING DATE: 23-JUL-1996

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 999 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

```

Met Ala Asp Lys Val Arg Arg Gln Arg Pro Arg Arg Arg Val Cys Trp
 1             5             10             15
Ala Leu Val Ala Val Leu Leu Ala Asp Leu Leu Ala Leu Ser Asp Thr
      20             25             30
Leu Ala Val Met Ser Val Asp Leu Gly Ser Glu Ser Met Lys Val Ala
      35             40             45
Ile Val Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu Ile Val Leu Asn Lys Glu Ser
      50             55             60
Arg Arg Lys Thr Pro Val Ile Val Thr Leu Lys Glu Asn Glu Arg Phe
      65             70             75             80
Phe Gly Asp Ser Ala Ala Ser Met Ala Ile Lys Asn Pro Lys Ala Thr
      85             90             95

```


EP 0 780 472 A2

Leu Arg Tyr Phe Gln His Leu Leu Gly Lys Gln Ala Asp Asn Pro His
 100 105 110
 5 Val Ala Leu Tyr Gln Ala Arg Phe Pro Glu His Glu Leu Thr Phe Asp
 115 120 125
 Pro Gln Arg Gln Thr Val His Phe Gln Ile Ser Ser Gln Leu Gln Phe
 130 135 140
 10 Ser Pro Glu Glu Val Leu Gly Met Val Leu Asn Tyr Ser Arg Ser Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Glu Asp Phe Ala Glu Gln Pro Ile Lys Asp Ala Val Ile Thr Val
 165 170 175
 15 Pro Val Phe Phe Asn Gln Ala Glu Arg Arg Ala Val Leu Gln Ala Ala
 180 185 190
 Arg Met Ala Gly Leu Lys Val Leu Gln Leu Ile Asn Asp Asn Thr Ala
 195 200 205
 20 Thr Ala Leu Ser Tyr Gly Val Phe Arg Arg Lys Asp Ile Asn Thr Thr
 210 215 220
 Ala Gln Asn Ile Met Phe Tyr Asp Met Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Cys
 225 230 235 240
 25 Thr Ile Val Thr Tyr Gln Met Val Lys Thr Lys Glu Ala Gly Met Gln
 245 250 255
 Pro Gln Leu Gln Ile Arg Gly Val Gly Phe Asp Arg Thr Leu Gly Gly
 260 265 270
 30 Leu Glu Met Glu Leu Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Phe Asn
 275 280 285
 Glu Gln Arg Lys Gly Gln Arg Ala Lys Asp Val Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg
 290 295 300
 35 Ala Met Ala Lys Leu Leu Arg Glu Ala Asn Arg Leu Lys Thr Val Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Ala Asn Ala Asp His Met Ala Gln Ile Glu Gly Leu Met Asp Asp
 325 330 335
 40 Val Asp Phe Lys Ala Lys Val Thr Arg Val Glu Phe Glu Glu Leu Cys
 340 345 350
 Ala Asp Leu Phe Glu Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Val Gln Gln Ala Leu Gln
 355 360 365
 45 Ser Ala Glu Met Ser Leu Asp Glu Ile Glu Gln Val Ile Leu Val Gly
 370 375 380
 Gly Ala Thr Arg Val Pro Arg Val Gln Glu Val Leu Leu Lys Ala Val
 385 390 395 400
 50 Gly Lys Glu Glu Leu Gly Lys Asn Ile Asn Ala Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala
 405 410 415
 55

EP 0 780 472 A2

Met Gly Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Ala Ala Leu Ser Lys Ala Phe Lys Val
420 425 430

5 Lys Pro Phe Val Val Arg Asp Ala Val Val Tyr Pro Ile Leu Val Glu
435 440 445

Phe Thr Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Pro Gly Ile His Ser Leu Lys His
450 455 460

10 Asn Lys Arg Val Leu Phe Ser Arg Met Gly Pro Tyr Pro Gln Arg Lys
465 470 475 480

Val Ile Thr Phe Asn Arg Tyr Ser His Asp Phe Asn Phe His Ile Asn
485 490 495

15 Tyr Gly Asp Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Pro Glu Asp Leu Arg Val Phe Gly
500 505 510

Ser Gln Asn Leu Thr Thr Val Lys Leu Lys Gly Val Gly Asp Ser Phe
515 520 525

20 Lys Lys Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Glu Ser Lys Gly Ile Lys Ala His Phe Asn
530 535 540

Leu Asp Glu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Ser Val Phe
545 550 555 560

25 Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Asp Ser Ala Glu Glu Glu Ser Thr Leu Thr Lys
565 570 575

Leu Gly Asn Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Thr Pro Asp
580 585 590

30 Ala Lys Glu Asn Gly Thr Asp Thr Val Gln Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro
595 600 605

Ala Glu Gly Ser Lys Asp Glu Pro Gly Glu Gln Val Glu Leu Lys Glu
610 615 620

35 Glu Ala Glu Ala Pro Val Glu Asp Gly Ser Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro Glu
625 630 635 640

Pro Lys Gly Asp Ala Thr Pro Glu Gly Glu Lys Ala Thr Glu Lys Glu
645 650 655

40 Asn Gly Asp Lys Ser Glu Ala Gln Lys Pro Ser Glu Lys Ala Glu Ala
660 665 670

Gly Pro Glu Gly Val Ala Pro Ala Pro Glu Gly Glu Lys Lys Gln Lys
675 680 685

45 Pro Ala Arg Lys Arg Arg Met Val Glu Glu Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Val
690 695 700

Val Leu Asp Leu Pro Asp Leu Pro Glu Asp Lys Leu Ala Gln Ser Val
705 710 715 720

Gln Lys Leu Gln Asp Leu Thr Leu Arg Asp Leu Glu Lys Gln Glu Arg
725 730 735

EP 0 780 472 A2

Glu Lys Ala Ala Asn Ser Leu Glu Ala Phe Ile Phe Glu Thr Gln Asp
 740 745 750
 5 Lys Leu Tyr Gln Pro Glu Tyr Gln Glu Val Ser Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg
 755 760 765
 Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Trp Leu Glu Asp
 770 775 780
 10 Glu Gly Val Gly Ala Thr Thr Val Met Leu Lys Glu Lys Leu Ala Glu
 785 790 795 800
 Leu Arg Lys Leu Cys Gln Gly Leu Phe Phe Arg Val Glu Glu Arg Lys
 805 810 815
 15 Lys Trp Pro Glu Arg Leu Ser Ala Leu Asp Asn Leu Leu Asn His Ser
 820 825 830
 Ser Met Phe Leu Lys Gly Ala Arg Leu Ile Pro Glu Met Asp Gln Ile
 835 840 845
 20 Phe Thr Glu Val Glu Met Thr Thr Leu Glu Lys Val Ile Asn Glu Thr
 850 855 860
 Trp Ala Trp Lys Asn Ala Thr Leu Ala Glu Gln Ala Lys Leu Pro Ala
 865 870 875 880
 25 Thr Glu Lys Pro Val Leu Leu Ser Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Lys Met Met
 885 890 895
 Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Val Gln Tyr Leu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Phe Thr
 900 905 910
 30 Lys Pro Arg Pro Arg Pro Lys Asp Lys Asn Gly Thr Arg Ala Glu Pro
 915 920 925
 Pro Leu Asn Ala Ser Ala Ser Asp Gln Gly Glu Lys Val Ile Pro Pro
 930 935 940
 35 Ala Gly Gln Thr Glu Asp Ala Glu Pro Ile Ser Glu Pro Glu Lys Val
 945 950 955 960
 Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Pro Gly Asp Thr Glu Pro Leu Glu Leu Gly Gly
 965 970 975
 40 Pro Gly Ala Glu Pro Glu Gln Lys Glu Gln Ser Thr Gly Gln Lys Arg
 980 985 990
 45 Pro Leu Lys Asn Asp Glu Leu
 995

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 4503 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

EP 0 780 472 A2

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION:103..3099

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

```

10      TTGTGAAGGG CGCGGGTGGG GGGCGCTGCC GGCTTCGTGG GTACGTTCGT GCCGCGTCTG      60
      TCCCAGAGCT GGGGCCGCAG GAGCGGAGGC AAGAGGGGCA CT ATG GCA GAC AAA      114
                                   Met Ala Asp Lys
                                   1
15      GTT AGG AGG CAG AGG CCG AGG AGG CGA GTC TGT TGG GCC TTG GTG GCT      162
      Val Arg Arg Gln Arg Pro Arg Arg Arg Val Cys Trp Ala Leu Val Ala
      5          10          15          20
20      GTG CTC TTG GCA GAC CTG TTG GCA CTG AGT GAT ACA CTG GCA GTG ATG      210
      Val Leu Leu Ala Asp Leu Leu Ala Leu Ser Asp Thr Leu Ala Val Met
                                   25          30          35
25      TCT GTG GAC CTG GGC AGT GAG TCC ATG AAG GTG GCC ATT GTC AAA CCT      258
      Ser Val Asp Leu Gly Ser Glu Ser Met Lys Val Ala Ile Val Lys Pro
                                   40          45          50
30      GGA GTG CCC ATG GAA ATT GTC TTG AAT AAG GAA TCT CGG AGG AAA ACA      306
      Gly Val Pro Met Glu Ile Val Leu Asn Lys Glu Ser Arg Arg Lys Thr
                                   55          60          65
35      CCG GTG ATC GTG ACC CTG AAA GAA AAT GAA AGA TTC TTT GGA GAC AGT      354
      Pro Val Ile Val Thr Leu Lys Glu Asn Glu Arg Phe Phe Gly Asp Ser
                                   70          75          80
40      GCA GCA AGC ATG GCG ATT AAG AAT CCA AAG GCT ACG CTA CGT TAC TTC      402
      Ala Ala Ser Met Ala Ile Lys Asn Pro Lys Ala Thr Leu Arg Tyr Phe
      85          90          95          100
45      CAG CAC CTC CTG GGG AAG CAG GCA GAT AAC CCC CAT GTA GCT CTT TAC      450
      Gln His Leu Leu Gly Lys Gln Ala Asp Asn Pro His Val Ala Leu Tyr
                                   105          110          115
50      CAG GCC CGC TTC CCG GAG CAC GAG CTG ACT TTC GAC CCA CAG AGG CAG      498
      Gln Ala Arg Phe Pro Glu His Glu Leu Thr Phe Asp Pro Gln Arg Gln
                                   120          125          130
55      ACT GTG CAC TTT CAG ATC AGC TCG CAG CTG CAG TTC TCA CCT GAG GAA      546
      Thr Val His Phe Gln Ile Ser Ser Gln Leu Gln Phe Ser Pro Glu Glu
                                   135          140          145
60      GTG TTG GGC ATG GTT CTC AAT TAT TCT CGT TCT CTA GCT GAA GAT TTT      594
      Val Leu Gly Met Val Leu Asn Tyr Ser Arg Ser Leu Ala Glu Asp Phe
                                   150          155          160
65      GCA GAG CAG CCC ATC AAG GAT GCA GTG ATC ACC GTG CCA GTC TTC TTC      642
      Ala Glu Gln Pro Ile Lys Asp Ala Val Ile Thr Val Pro Val Phe Phe
      165          170          175          180

```


EP 0 780 472 A2

| | | |
|----|---|------|
| | AAC CAG GCC GAG CGC CGA GCT GTG CTG CAG GCT GCT CWT ATG GCT GGC | 690 |
| | Asn Gln Ala Glu Arg Arg Ala Val Leu Gln Ala Ala Arg Met Ala Gly | |
| | 185 190 195 | |
| 5 | CTC AAA GTG CTG CAG CTC ATC AAT GAC AAC ACC GCC ACT GCC CTC AGC | 738 |
| | Leu Lys Val Leu Gln Leu Ile Asn Asp Asn Thr Ala Thr Ala Leu Ser | |
| | 200 205 210 | |
| 10 | TAT GGT GTC TTC CGC CGG AAA GAT ATT AAC ACC ACT GCC CAG AAT ATC | 786 |
| | Tyr Gly Val Phe Arg Arg Lys Asp Ile Asn Thr Thr Ala Gln Asn Ile | |
| | 215 220 225 | |
| | ATG TTC TAT GAC ATG GGC TCA GGC AGC ACC GTA TGC ACC ATT GTG ACC | 834 |
| | Met Phe Tyr Asp Met Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Cys Thr Ile Val Thr | |
| | 230 235 240 | |
| 15 | TAC CAG ATG GTG AAG ACT AAG GAA GCT GGG ATG CAG CCA CAG CTG CAG | 882 |
| | Tyr Gln Met Val Lys Thr Lys Glu Ala Gly Met Gln Pro Gln Leu Gln | |
| | 245 250 255 260 | |
| 20 | ATC CGG GGA GTA GGA TTT GAC CGT ACC CTG GGG GGC CTG GAG ATG GAG | 930 |
| | Ile Arg Gly Val Gly Phe Asp Arg Thr Leu Gly Gly Leu Glu Met Glu | |
| | 265 270 275 | |
| | CTC CGG CTT CGA GAA CGC CTG GCT GGG CTT TTC AAT GAG CAG CGC AAG | 978 |
| | Leu Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Phe Asn Glu Gln Arg Lys | |
| 25 | 280 285 290 | |
| | GGT CAG AGA GCA AAG GAT GTG CGG GAG AAC CCG CGT GCC ATG GCC AAG | 1026 |
| | Gly Gln Arg Ala Lys Asp Val Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Ala Met Ala Lys | |
| | 295 300 305 | |
| 30 | CTG CTG CGT GAG GCT AAT CGG CTC AAA ACC GTC CTC AGT GCC AAC GCT | 1074 |
| | Leu Leu Arg Glu Ala Asn Arg Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Ser Ala Asn Ala | |
| | 310 315 320 | |
| | GAC CAC ATG GCA CAG ATT GAA GGC CTG ATG GAT GAT GTG GAC TTC AAG | 1122 |
| | Asp His Met Ala Gln Ile Glu Gly Leu Met Asp Asp Val Asp Phe Lys | |
| | GCA AAA GTG ACT CGT GTG GAA TTT GAG GAG TTG TGT GCA GAC TTG TTT | 1170 |
| | Ala Lys Val Thr Arg Val Glu Phe Glu Glu Leu Cys Ala Asp Leu Phe | |
| | 345 350 355 | |
| 40 | GAG CGG GTG CCT GGG CCT GTA CAG CAG GCC CTC CAG AGT GCC GAA ATG | 1218 |
| | Glu Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Val Gln Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ala Glu Met | |
| | 360 365 370 | |
| | AGT CTG GAT GAG ATT GAG CAG GTG ATC CTG GTG GGT GGG GCC ACT CGG | 1266 |
| | Ser Leu Asp Glu Ile Glu Gln Val Ile Leu Val Gly Gly Ala Thr Arg | |
| 45 | 375 380 385 | |
| | GTC CCC AGA GTT CAG GAG GTG CTG CTG AAG GCC GTG GGC AAG GAG GAG | 1314 |
| | Val Pro Arg Val Gln Glu Val Leu Leu Lys Ala Val Gly Lys Glu Glu | |
| | 390 395 400 | |
| 50 | CTG GGG AAG AAC ATC AAT GCA GAT GAA GCA GCC GCC ATG GGG GCA GTG | 1362 |
| | Leu Gly Lys Asn Ile Asn Ala Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala Met Gly Ala Val | |
| | 405 410 415 420 | |

55

EP 0 780 472 A2

| | | |
|----|---|------|
| | TAC CAG GCA GCT GCG CTC AGC AAA GCC TTT AAA GTG AAG CCA TTT GTC | 1410 |
| | Tyr Gln Ala Ala Ala Leu Ser Lys Ala Phe Lys Val Lys Pro Phe Val | |
| | 425 430 435 | |
| 5 | GTC CGA GAT GCA GTG GTC TAC CCC ATC CTG GTG GAG TTC ACG AGG GAG | 1458 |
| | Val Arg Asp Ala Val Val Tyr Pro Ile Leu Val Glu Phe Thr Arg Glu | |
| | 440 445 450 | |
| 10 | GTG GAG GAG GAG CCT GGG ATT CAC AGC CTG AAG CAC AAT AAA CGG GTA | 1506 |
| | Val Glu Glu Glu Pro Gly Ile His Ser Leu Lys His Asn Lys Arg Val | |
| | 455 460 465 | |
| 15 | CTC TTC TCT CGG ATG GGG CCC TAC CCT CAA CGC AAA GTC ATC ACC TTT | 1554 |
| | Leu Phe Ser Arg Met Gly Pro Tyr Pro Gln Arg Lys Val Ile Thr Phe | |
| | 470 475 480 | |
| 20 | AAC CGC TAC AGC CAT GAT TTC AAC TTC CAC ATC AAC TAC GGC GAC CTG | 1602 |
| | Asn Arg Tyr Ser His Asp Phe Asn Phe His Ile Asn Tyr Gly Asp Leu | |
| | 485 490 495 500 | |
| 25 | GGC TTC CTG GGG CCT GAA GAT CTT CGG GTA TTT GGC TCC CAG AAT CTG | 1650 |
| | Gly Phe Leu Gly Pro Glu Asp Leu Arg Val Phe Gly Ser Gln Asn Leu | |
| | 505 510 515 | |
| 30 | ACC ACA GTG AAG CTA AAA GGG GTG GGT GAC AGC TTC AAG AAG TAT CCT | 1698 |
| | Thr Thr Val Lys Leu Lys Gly Val Gly Asp Ser Phe Lys Lys Tyr Pro | |
| | 520 525 530 | |
| 35 | GAC TAC GAG TCC AAG GGC ATC AAG GCT CAC TTC AAC CTG GAT GAG AGT | 1746 |
| | Asp Tyr Glu Ser Lys Gly Ile Lys Ala His Phe Asn Leu Asp Glu Ser | |
| | 535 540 545 | |
| 40 | GGC GTG CTC AGT CTA GAC AGG GTG GAG TCT GTA TTT GAG ACA CTG GTA | 1794 |
| | Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Ser Val Phe Glu Thr Leu Val | |
| | 550 555 560 | |
| 45 | GAG GAC AGC GCA GAA GAG GAA TCT ACT CTC ACC AAA CTT GGC AAC ACC | 1842 |
| | Glu Asp Ser Ala Glu Glu Glu Ser Thr Leu Thr Lys Leu Gly Asn Thr | |
| | 565 570 575 580 | |
| 50 | ATT TCC AGC CTG TTT GGA GGC GGT ACC ACA CCA GAT GCC AAG GAG AAT | 1890 |
| | Ile Ser Ser Leu Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Thr Pro Asp Ala Lys Glu Asn | |
| | 585 590 595 | |
| 55 | GGT ACT GAT ACT GTC CAG GAG GAA GAG GAG AGC CCT GCA GAG GGG AGC | 1938 |
| | Gly Thr Asp Thr Val Gln Glu Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro Ala Glu Gly Ser | |
| | 600 605 610 | |
| 60 | AAG GAC GAG CCT GGG GAG CAG GTG GAG CTC AAG GAG GAA GCT GAG GCC | 1986 |
| | Lys Asp Glu Pro Gly Glu Gln Val Glu Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Glu Ala | |
| | 615 620 625 | |
| 65 | CCA GTG GAG GAT GGC TCT CAG CCC CCA CCC CCT GAA CCT AAG GGA GAT | 2034 |
| | Pro Val Glu Asp Gly Ser Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro Glu Pro Lys Gly Asp | |
| | 630 635 640 | |
| 70 | GCA ACC CCT GAG GGA GAA AAG GCC ACA GAA AAA GAA AAT GGG GAC AAG | 2082 |
| | Ala Thr Pro Glu Gly Glu Lys Ala Thr Glu Lys Glu Asn Gly Asp Lys | |
| | 645 650 655 660 | |

EP 0 780 472 A2

| | | |
|----|---|------|
| | TCT GAG GCC CAG AAA CCA AGT GAG AAG GCA GAG GCA GGG CCA GAG GGC | 2130 |
| | Ser Glu Ala Gln Lys Pro Ser Glu Lys Ala Glu Ala Gly Pro Glu Gly | |
| | 665 670 675 | |
| 5 | GTC GCT CCA GCC CCA GAG GGA GAG AAG AAG CAG AAG CCC GCC AGG AAG | 2178 |
| | Val Ala Pro Ala Pro Glu Gly Glu Lys Lys Gln Lys Pro Ala Arg Lys | |
| | 680 685 690 | |
| 10 | CGG CGA ATG GTA GAG GAG ATC GGG GTG GAG CTG GTT GTT CTG GAC CTG | 2226 |
| | Arg Arg Met Val Glu Glu Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Val Val Leu Asp Leu | |
| | 695 700 705 | |
| | CCT GAC TTG CCA GAG GAT AAG CTG GCT CAG TCG GTG CAG AAA CTT CAG | 2274 |
| | Pro Asp Leu Pro Glu Asp Lys Leu Ala Gln Ser Val Gln Lys Leu Gln | |
| | 710 715 720 | |
| 15 | GAC TTG ACA CTC CGA GAC CTG GAG AAG CAG GAA CGG GAA AAA GCT GCC | 2322 |
| | Asp Leu Thr Leu Arg Asp Leu Glu Lys Gln Glu Arg Glu Lys Ala Ala | |
| | 725 730 735 740 | |
| 20 | AAC AGC TTG GAA GCG TTC ATA TTT GAG ACC CAG GAC AAG CTG TAC CAG | 2370 |
| | Asn Ser Leu Glu Ala Phe Ile Phe Glu Thr Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Gln | |
| | 745 750 755 | |
| | CCC GAG TAC CAG GAA GTG TCC ACA GAG GAG CAG CGT GAG GAG ATC TCT | 2418 |
| | Pro Glu Tyr Gln Glu Val Ser Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg Glu Glu Ile Ser | |
| | 760 765 770 | |
| 25 | GGG AAG CTC AGC GCC GCA TCC ACC TGG CTG GAG GAT GAG GGT GTT GGA | 2466 |
| | Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Trp Leu Glu Asp Glu Gly Val Gly | |
| | 775 780 785 | |
| 30 | GCC ACC ACA GTG ATG TTG AAG GAG AAG CTG GCT GAG CTG AGG AAG CTG | 2514 |
| | Ala Thr Thr Val Met Leu Lys Glu Lys Leu Ala Glu Leu Arg Lys Leu | |
| | 790 795 800 | |
| | TGC CAA GGG CTG TTT TTT CGG GTA GAG GAG CGC AAG AAG TGG CCC GAA | 2562 |
| | Cys Gln Gly Leu Phe Phe Arg Val Glu Glu Arg Lys Lys Trp Pro Glu | |
| | 805 810 815 820 | |
| 35 | CGG CTG TCT GCC CTC GAT AAT CTC CTC AAC CAT TCC AGC ATG TTC CTC | 2610 |
| | Arg Leu Ser Ala Leu Asp Asn Leu Leu Asn His Ser Ser Met Phe Leu | |
| | 825 830 835 | |
| 40 | AAG GGG GCC CGG CTC ATC CCA GAG ATG GAC CAG ATC TTC ACT GAG GTG | 2658 |
| | Lys Gly Ala Arg Leu Ile Pro Glu Met Asp Gln Ile Phe Thr Glu Val | |
| | 840 845 850 | |
| | GAG ATG ACA ACG TTA GAG AAA GTC ATC AAT GAG ACC TGG GCC TGG AAG | 2706 |
| | Glu Met Thr Thr Leu Glu Lys Val Ile Asn Glu Thr Trp Ala Trp Lys | |
| | 855 860 865 | |
| 45 | AAT GCA ACT CTG GCC GAG CAG GCT AAG CTG CCC GCC ACA GAG AAG CCT | 2754 |
| | Asn Ala Thr Leu Ala Glu Gln Ala Lys Leu Pro Ala Thr Glu Lys Pro | |
| | 870 875 880 | |
| 50 | GTG TTG CTC TCA AAA GAC ATT GAA GCT AAG ATG ATG GCC CTG GAC CGA | 2802 |
| | Val Leu Leu Ser Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Lys Met Met Ala Leu Asp Arg | |
| | 885 890 895 900 | |

55

EP 0 780 472 A2

5
10
15
20
25
30
35
40
45
50
55

GAG GTG CAG TAT CTG CTC AAT AAG GCC AAG TTT ACC AAG CCC CGG CCC 2850
Glu Val Gln Tyr Leu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Phe Thr Lys Pro Arg Pro
905 910 915

CGG CCT AAG GAC AAG AAT GGG ACC CGG GCA GAG CCA CCC CTC AAT GCC 2898
Arg Pro Lys Asp Lys Asn Gly Thr Arg Ala Glu Pro Pro Leu Asn Ala
920 925 930

AGT GCC AGT GAC CAG GGG GAG AAG GTC ATC CCT CCA GCA GGC CAG ACT 2946
Ser Ala Ser Asp Gln Gly Glu Lys Val Ile Pro Pro Ala Gly Gln Thr
935 940 945

GAA GAT GCA GAG CCC ATT TCA GAA CCT GAG AAA GTA GAG ACT GGA TCC 2994
Glu Asp Ala Glu Pro Ile Ser Glu Pro Glu Lys Val Glu Thr Gly Ser
950 955 960

GAG CCA GGA GAC ACT GAG CCT TTG GAG TTA GGA GGT CCT GGA GCA GAA 3042
Glu Pro Gly Asp Thr Glu Pro Leu Glu Leu Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Glu
965 970 975 980

CCT GAA CAG AAA GAA CAA TCG ACA GGA CAG AAG CGG CCT TTG AAG AAC 3090
Pro Glu Gln Lys Glu Gln Ser Thr Gly Gln Lys Arg Pro Leu Lys Asn
985 990 995

GAC GAA CTA TAACCCCCAC CTCTGTTTTT CCCATTTCATC TCCACCCCCT 3139
Asp Glu Leu

TCCCCACCA CTCTATTITA TTAAACATCG AGGGTTGGGG GAGGGGTTGG TCCTGCCCTC 3199

GGCTGGAGTT CCTTTCTCAC CCCTGTGATT TGGAGGTGTG GAGAAGGGGA AGGGAGGGAC 3259

AGCTCACTGG TTCTTCTGCG AGTACCTCTG TGGTTAAAAA TGGAAGTGT TCTCCTCCCC 3319

AGCCCCACTC CCTGTTCCCT ACCCATATAG GCCCTAAATT TGGGAAAAAT CACTATTAAT 3379

TTCTGAATCC TTGCTGTG GGTAGGAAGA GAATGGCTGC CAGTGGCTGA TGGGTCCCGG 3439

TGATGGGAAG GGTATCAGGT TGCTGGGGAG TTCCACTCT TCTCTGGTGA TTGTTCCCTC 3499

CCTCCCTTCC TCTCCACCA TCGATGAGC ATCCTTTCAG GCCAGTGTCT GCAGAGCCTC 3559

AGTTACCAGG TTGGTTTCT GAGTGCCTAT CTGTGCTCTT TCCTCCCTCT GCGGGCTTCT 3619

CTTGCTCTGA GCCTCCCTTC CCCATTCCCA TGCAGCTCCT TTCCCTCTGG GTTTCCTTGG 3679

CTTCCTGCAG CAAATTGGGC AGTTCTCTGC CCCTTGCCCTA AAAGCCTGTA CCTCTGGATT 3739

GGCGGAAGTA AATCTGGAAG GATTCTCACT CGTATTTCCT ACCCCTAGTG GCCAGAGGAG 3799

GGAGGGGCAC AGTGAAGAAG GGAGCCCACC ACCTCTCCGA AGAGGAAAGC CACGTAGAGT 3859

GGTTGGCATG GGGTGCCAGC ATCGTGCAAG CTCTGTCATA ATCTGCATCT TCCCAGCAGC 3919

CTGGTACCCC AGGTTCTGT AACTCCCTGC CTCCTCCTCT CTTCTGCTGT TCTGCTCCTC 3979

CCAGACAGAG CCTTTCCCTC ACCCCCTGAC CCCCTGGGCT GACCAAAATG TGCTTTCTAC 4039

TGTGAGTCCC TATCCAAGA TCCTGGGGAA AGGAGAGACC ATGGTGTGAA TGTAGAGATG 4099

EP 0 780 472 A2

CCACCTCCCT CTCTCTGAGG CAGGCCTGTG GATGAAGGAG GAGGGTCAGG GCTGGCCTTC 4159
 CTCTGTGCAT CACTCTGCTA GGTGCGGGGC CCCCACCCA CCATACCTAC GCCTAGGGAG 4219
 5 CCGTCCTCC AGTATTCCGT CTGTAGCAGG AGCTAGGGCT GCTGCCTCAG CTCCAAGACA 4279
 AGAATGAACC TGGCTGTTGC AGTCATTTTG TCTTTTCCTT TTTTITTTTT TGCCACATTG 4339
 GCAGAGATGG GACCTAAGGG TCCCACCCCT CACCCACCC CCACCTCTTC TGTATGTTTG 4399
 10 AATTCTTTCA GTAGCTGTTG ATGCTGGTTG GACAGGTTTG AGTCAAATTG TACTTTGCTC 4459
 CATTGTTAAT TGAGAACTG TTTCAATAAA ATATTCTTTT CTAC 4503

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 999 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

Met Ala Ala Thr Val Arg Arg Gln Arg Pro Arg Arg Leu Leu Cys Trp
 1 5 10 15
 25 Ala Leu Val Ala Val Leu Leu Ala Asp Leu Leu Ala Leu Ser Asp Thr
 20 25 30
 Leu Ala Val Met Ser Val Asp Leu Gly Ser Glu Ser Met Lys Val Ala
 35 40 45
 30 Ile Val Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu Ile Val Leu Asn Lys Glu Ser
 50 55 60
 Arg Arg Lys Thr Pro Val Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Glu Asn Glu Arg Phe
 65 70 75 80
 35 Leu Gly Asp Ser Ala Ala Gly Met Ala Ile Lys Asn Pro Lys Ala Thr
 85 90 95
 Leu Arg Tyr Phe Gln His Leu Leu Gly Lys Gln Ala Asp Asn Pro His
 100 105 110
 40 Val Ala Leu Tyr Arg Ser Arg Phe Pro Glu His Glu Leu Asn Val Asp
 115 120 125
 Pro Gln Arg Gln Thr Val Arg Phe Gln Ile Ser Pro Gln Leu Gln Phe
 130 135 140
 45 Ser Pro Glu Glu Val Leu Gly Met Val Leu Asn Tyr Ser Arg Ser Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Glu Asp Phe Ala Glu Gln Pro Ile Lys Asp Ala Val Ile Thr Val
 165 170 175
 50 Pro Ala Phe Phe Asn Gln Ala Glu Arg Arg Ala Val Leu Gln Ala Ala
 180 185 190

EP 0 780 472 A2

Arg Met Ala Gly Leu Lys Val Leu Gln Leu Ile Asn Asp Asn Thr Ala
 195 200 205
 5 Thr Ala Leu Ser Tyr Gly Val Phe Arg Arg Lys Asp Ile Asn Ser Thr
 210 215 220
 Ala Gln Asn Ile Met Phe Tyr Asp Met Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Cys
 225 230 235 240
 10 Thr Ile Val Thr Tyr Gln Thr Val Lys Thr Lys Glu Ala Gly Thr Gln
 245 250 255
 Pro Gln Leu Gln Ile Arg Gly Val Gly Phe Asp Arg Thr Leu Gly Gly
 260 265 270
 15 Leu Glu Met Glu Leu Arg Leu Arg Glu His Leu Ala Lys Leu Phe Asn
 275 280 285
 Glu Gln Arg Lys Gly Gln Lys Ala Lys Asp Val Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg
 290 295 300
 20 Ala Met Ala Lys Leu Leu Arg Glu Ala Asn Arg Leu Lys Thr Val Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Ala Asn Ala Asp His Met Ala Gln Ile Glu Gly Leu Met Asp Asp
 325 330 335
 25 Val Asp Phe Lys Ala Lys Val Thr Arg Val Glu Phe Glu Glu Leu Cys
 340 345 350
 Ala Asp Leu Phe Asp Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Val Gln Gln Ala Leu Gln
 355 360 365
 30 Ser Ala Glu Met Ser Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu Gln Val Ile Leu Val Gly
 370 375 380
 Gly Pro Thr Arg Val Pro Lys Val Gln Glu Val Leu Leu Lys Pro Val
 385 390 395 400
 35 Gly Lys Glu Glu Leu Gly Lys Asn Ile Asn Ala Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala
 405 410 415
 Met Gly Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Ala Ala Leu Ser Lys Ala Phe Lys Val
 420 425 430
 40 Lys Pro Phe Val Val Arg Asp Ala Val Ile Tyr Pro Ile Leu Val Glu
 435 440 445
 Phe Thr Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Pro Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Lys His
 450 455 460
 45 Asn Lys Arg Val Leu Phe Ser Arg Met Gly Pro Tyr Pro Gln Arg Lys
 465 470 475 480
 Val Ile Thr Phe Asn Arg Tyr Ser His Asp Phe Asn Phe His Ile Asn
 485 490 495
 50 Tyr Gly Asp Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Pro Glu Asp Leu Arg Val Phe Gly
 500 505 510

EP 0 780 472 A2

Ser Gln Asn Leu Thr Thr Val Lys Leu Lys Gly Val Gly Glu Ser Phe
 515 520 525
 5 Lys Lys Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Glu Ser Lys Gly Ile Lys Ala His Phe Asn
 530 535 540
 Leu Asp Glu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Ser Val Phe
 545 550 555 560
 10 Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Asp Ser Pro Glu Glu Glu Ser Thr Leu Thr Lys
 565 570 575
 Leu Gly Asn Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Ser Ser Asp
 580 585 590
 15 Ala Lys Glu Asn Gly Thr Asp Ala Val Gln Glu Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro
 595 600 605
 Ala Glu Gly Ser Lys Asp Glu Pro Ala Glu Gln Gly Glu Leu Lys Glu
 610 615 620
 20 Glu Ala Glu Ala Pro Met Glu Asp Thr Ser Gln Pro Pro Pro Ser Glu
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Lys Gly Asp Ala Ala Arg Glu Gly Glu Thr Pro Asp Glu Lys Glu
 645 650 655
 25 Ser Gly Asp Lys Ser Glu Ala Gln Lys Pro Asn Glu Lys Gly Gln Ala
 660 665 670
 Gly Pro Glu Gly Val Pro Pro Ala Pro Glu Glu Glu Lys Lys Gln Lys
 675 680 685
 30 Pro Ala Arg Lys Gln Lys Met Val Glu Glu Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Ala
 690 695 700
 Val Leu Asp Leu Pro Asp Leu Pro Glu Asp Glu Leu Ala His Ser Val
 705 710 715 720
 35 Gln Lys Leu Glu Asp Leu Thr Leu Arg Asp Leu Glu Lys Gln Glu Arg
 725 730 735
 Glu Lys Ala Ala Asn Ser Leu Glu Ala Phe Ile Phe Glu Thr Gln Asp
 740 745 750
 40 Lys Leu Tyr Gln Pro Glu Tyr Gln Glu Val Ser Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg
 755 760 765
 Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Thr Ser Thr Trp Leu Glu Asp
 770 775 780
 45 Glu Gly Phe Gly Ala Thr Thr Val Met Leu Lys Asp Lys Leu Ala Glu
 785 790 795 800
 Leu Arg Lys Leu Cys Gln Gly Leu Phe Phe Arg Val Glu Glu Arg Arg
 805 810 815
 50 Lys Trp Pro Glu Arg Leu Ser Ala Leu Asp Asn Leu Leu Asn His Ser
 820 825 830

EP 0 780 472 A2

Ser Ile Phe Leu Lys Gly Ala Arg Leu Ile Pro Glu Met Asp Gln Ile
835 840 845

5 Phe Thr Asp Val Glu Met Thr Thr Leu Glu Lys Val Ile Asn Asp Thr
850 855 860

Trp Thr Trp Lys Asn Ala Thr Leu Ala Glu Gln Ala Lys Leu Pro Ala
865 870 875 880

10 Thr Glu Lys Pro Val Leu Leu Ser Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Lys Met Met
885 890 895

Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Val Gln Tyr Leu Leu Asn Lys Ala Lys Phe Thr
900 905 910

15 Lys Pro Arg Pro Arg Pro Lys Asp Lys Asn Gly Thr Arg Thr Glu Pro
915 920 925

Pro Leu Asn Ala Ser Ala Gly Asp Gln Glu Glu Lys Val Ile Pro Pro
930 935 940

Thr Gly Gln Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Ala Ile Leu Glu Pro Asp Lys Glu
945 950 955 960

25 Gly Leu Gly Thr Glu Ala Ala Asp Ser Glu Pro Leu Glu Leu Gly Gly
965 970 975

Pro Gly Ala Glu Ser Glu Gln Ala Glu Gln Thr Ala Gly Gln Lys Arg
980 985 990

30 Pro Leu Lys Asn Asp Glu Leu
995

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 3252 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: double
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

40 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: CDS
(B) LOCATION: 203..3199

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

TGAGGATGGA GCAGCGGTCTG GGCCGCGGCT CCTAGGGGAG GCAGCGTGCT AGCTTCGGGG 60
50 GCGGGCCAGT AGCGGGAGCG AGGGCCGTAC GGACACCGGT CCCTTCGGCC TTGAAGTTCA 120
GGCGCTGAGC TGCCCCCTCG CGCTCGGGGT GGGCCGGAAT CCATTCTGG GAGTGGGATC 180

EP 0 780 472 A2

| | | |
|----|--|-----|
| | TTCCACCTTC ATCAGGGTCA CA ATG GCA GCT ACA GTA AGG AGG CAG AGG CCA | 232 |
| | Met Ala Ala Thr Val Arg Arg Gln Arg Pro | |
| | 5 10 | |
| 5 | AGG AGG CTA CTC TGT TGG GCC TTG GTG GCT GTC CTC TTG GCA GAC CTG | 280 |
| | Arg Arg Leu Leu Cys Trp Ala Leu Val Ala Val Leu Leu Ala Asp Leu | |
| | 15 20 25 | |
| 10 | TTG GCA CTG AGT GAC ACA CTG GCT GTG ATG TCT GTG GAC CTG GGC AGT | 328 |
| | Leu Ala Leu Ser Asp Thr Leu Ala Val Met Ser Val Asp Leu Gly Ser | |
| | 30 35 40 | |
| 15 | GAA TCC ATG AAG GTG GCC ATT GTC AAG CCT GGA GTG CCC ATG GAG ATT | 376 |
| | Glu Ser Met Lys Val Ala Ile Val Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu Ile | |
| | 45 50 55 | |
| 20 | GTA TTG AAC AAG GAA TCT CGG AGG AAA ACT CCG GTG ACT GTG ACC TTG | 424 |
| | Val Leu Asn Lys Glu Ser Arg Arg Lys Thr Pro Val Thr Val Thr Leu | |
| | 60 65 70 | |
| 25 | AAG GAA AAC GAA AGG TTT CTA GGT GAC AGT GCA GCT GGC ATG GCC ATC | 472 |
| | Lys Glu Asn Glu Arg Phe Leu Gly Asp Ser Ala Ala Gly Met Ala Ile | |
| | 75 80 85 90 | |
| 30 | AAG AAC CCA AAG GCT ACG CTC CGT TAT TTC CAG CAC CTC CTT GGA AAG | 520 |
| | Lys Asn Pro Lys Ala Thr Leu Arg Tyr Phe Gln His Leu Leu Gly Lys | |
| | 95 100 105 | |
| 35 | CAG GCA GAT AAC CCT CAT GTG GCT CTT TAC CGG TCC CGT TTC CCA GAA | 568 |
| | Gln Ala Asp Asn Pro His Val Ala Leu Tyr Arg Ser Arg Phe Pro Glu | |
| | 110 115 120 | |
| 40 | CAT GAG CTC AAT GTT GAC CCA CAG AGG CAG ACT GTG CGC TTC CAG ATC | 616 |
| | His Glu Leu Asn Val Asp Pro Gln Arg Gln Thr Val Arg Phe Gln Ile | |
| | 125 130 135 | |
| 45 | AGT CCG CAG CTG CAG TTC TCT CCC GAG GAG GTG CTG GGC ATG GTT CTC | 664 |
| | Ser Pro Gln Leu Gln Phe Ser Pro Glu Glu Val Leu Gly Met Val Leu | |
| | 140 145 150 | |
| 50 | AAC TAC TCC CGT TCC CTG GCT GAA GAT TTT GCA GAA CAA CCT ATT AAG | 712 |
| | Asn Tyr Ser Arg Ser Leu Ala Glu Asp Phe Ala Glu Gln Pro Ile Lys | |
| | 155 160 165 170 | |
| 55 | GAT GCA GTG ATC ACC GTG CCA GCC TTT TTC AAC CAG GCC GAG CGC CGA | 760 |
| | Asp Ala Val Ile Thr Val Pro Ala Phe Phe Asn Gln Ala Glu Arg Arg | |
| | 175 180 185 | |
| 60 | GCT GTG CTG CAG GCT GCT CGT ATG GCT GGC CTC AAG GTG CTG CAG CTC | 808 |
| | Ala Val Leu Gln Ala Ala Arg Met Ala Gly Leu Lys Val Leu Gln Leu | |
| | 190 195 200 | |
| 65 | ATC AAT GAC AAC ACT GCC ACA GCC CTC AGC TAT GGT GTC TTC CGC CGG | 856 |
| | Ile Asn Asp Asn Thr Ala Thr Ala Leu Ser Tyr Gly Val Phe Arg Arg | |
| | 205 210 215 | |
| 70 | AAA GAT ATC AAT TCC ACT GCA CAG AAT ATC ATG TTC TAT GAC ATG GGC | 904 |
| | Lys Asp Ile Asn Ser Thr Ala Gln Asn Ile Met Phe Tyr Asp Met Gly | |
| | 220 225 230 | |

EP 0 780 472 A2

| | | |
|----|--|------|
| | TCG GGC AGC ACT GTG TGT ACC ATC GTG ACC TAC CAA ACG GTG AAG AAT | 932 |
| | Ser Gly Ser Thr Val Cys Thr Ile Val Thr Tyr Gln Thr Val Lys Thr | |
| | 235 240 245 250 | |
| 5 | AAG GAG GCT GGG ACG CAG CCA CAG CTA CAG ATC CGG GGC GTG GGA TTT | 1000 |
| | Lys Glu Ala Gly Thr Gln Pro Gln Leu Gln Ile Arg Gly Val Gly Phe | |
| | 255 260 265 | |
| 10 | GAC CGC ACC CTG GGT GGC CTG GAG ATG GAG CTT CGG CTG CGA GAG CAC | 1048 |
| | Asp Arg Thr Leu Gly Gly Leu Glu Met Glu Leu Arg Leu Arg Glu His | |
| | 270 275 280 | |
| | CTG GCT AAG CTC TTC AAT GAG CAG CGC AAG GGC CAG AAA GCC AAG GAT | 1096 |
| | Leu Ala Lys Leu Phe Asn Glu Gln Arg Lys Gly Gln Lys Ala Lys Asp | |
| | 285 290 295 | |
| 15 | GTT CGG GAA AAC CCC CGA GCC ATG GCC AAA CTG CTT CGG GAA GCC AAT | 1144 |
| | Val Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Ala Met Ala Lys Leu Leu Arg Glu Ala Asn | |
| | 300 305 310 | |
| 20 | CGG CTT AAA ACC GTC CTG AGT GCC AAT GCT GAT CAC ATG GCA CAG ATT | 1192 |
| | Arg Leu Lys Thr Val Leu Ser Ala Asn Ala Asp His Met Ala Gln Ile | |
| | 315 320 325 330 | |
| | GAA GGC TTG ATG GAC GAT GTG GAC TTC AAG GCA AAA GTA ACT CGA GTG | 1240 |
| | Glu Gly Leu Met Asp Asp Val Asp Phe Lys Ala Lys Val Thr Arg Val | |
| 25 | 335 340 345 | |
| | GAG TTT GAG GAG CTG TGT GCA GAT TTG TTT GAT CGA GTG CCT GGG CCT | 1288 |
| | Glu Phe Glu Glu Leu Cys Ala Asp Leu Phe Asp Arg Val Pro Gly Pro | |
| | 350 355 360 | |
| 30 | GTA CAG CAG GCC CTG CAG AGT GCT GAG ATG AGC CTG GAT CAA ATT GAG | 1336 |
| | Val Gln Gln Ala Leu Gln Ser Ala Glu Met Ser Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu | |
| | 365 370 375 | |
| | CAG GTG ATC CTG GTG GGT GGG CCC ACT CGT GTT CCC AAA GTT CAA GAG | 1384 |
| 35 | Gln Val Ile Leu Val Gly Gly Pro Thr Arg Val Pro Lys Val Gln Glu | |
| | 380 385 390 | |
| | GTG CTG CTG AAG CCT GTG GGC AAG GAG GAA CTA GGA AAG AAC ATC AAT | 1432 |
| | Val Leu Leu Lys Pro Val Gly Lys Glu Glu Leu Gly Lys Asn Ile Asn | |
| | 395 400 405 410 | |
| 40 | GCC GAT GAA GCA GCT GCC ATG GGG GCC GTG TAC CAG GCA GCG GCA CTG | 1480 |
| | Ala Asp Glu Ala Ala Ala Met Gly Ala Val Tyr Gln Ala Ala Ala Leu | |
| | 415 420 425 | |
| | AGC AAA GCC TTC AAA GTG AAG CCA TTT GTT GTG CGT GAT GCT GTT ATT | 1528 |
| 45 | Ser Lys Ala Phe Lys Val Lys Pro Phe Val Val Arg Asp Ala Val Ile | |
| | 430 435 440 | |
| | TAC CCC ATC CTG GTG GAG TTC ACA AGG GAG GTG GAG GAG GAG CCT GGG | 1576 |
| | Tyr Pro Ile Leu Val Glu Phe Thr Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Pro Gly | |
| | 445 450 455 | |
| 50 | CTT CGA AGC CTG AAG CAC AAT AAA CGT GTG CTC TTC TCC CGA ATG GGG | 1624 |
| | Leu Arg Ser Leu Lys His Asn Lys Arg Val Leu Phe Ser Arg Met Gly | |
| | 460 465 470 | |

55

EP 0 780 472 A2

| | | |
|----|---|------|
| | CCC TAC CCT CAG CGC AAA GTC ATC ACC TTT AAC CGA TAC AGC CAT GAT | 1672 |
| | Pro Tyr Pro Gln Arg Lys Val Ile Thr Phe Asn Arg Tyr Ser His Asp | |
| | 475 480 485 490 | |
| 5 | TTC AAC TTT CAC ATC AAC TAC GGT GAC CTG GGC TTC CTG GGG CCT GAG | 1720 |
| | Phe Asn Phe His Ile Asn Tyr Gly Asp Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Pro Glu | |
| | 495 500 505 | |
| 10 | GAT CTT CGG GTA TTT GGC TCC CAG AAT CTG ACC ACA GTG AAA CTA AAA | 1768 |
| | Asp Leu Arg Val Phe Gly Ser Gln Asn Leu Thr Thr Val Lys Leu Lys | |
| | 510 515 520 | |
| 15 | GGT GTG GGA GAG AGC TTC AAG AAA TAT CCT GAC TAT GAG TCC AAA GGC | 1816 |
| | Gly Val Gly Glu Ser Phe Lys Lys Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Glu Ser Lys Gly | |
| | 525 530 535 | |
| 20 | ATC AAG GCC CAC TTT AAC CTA GAC GAG AGT GGA GTG CTC AGT TTA GAC | 1864 |
| | Ile Lys Ala His Phe Asn Leu Asp Glu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Leu Asp | |
| | 540 545 550 | |
| 25 | AGG GTG GAG TCC GTA TTC GAG ACC CTG GTG GAG GAC AGC CCA GAG GAA | 1912 |
| | Arg Val Glu Ser Val Phe Glu Thr Leu Val Glu Asp Ser Pro Glu Glu | |
| | 555 560 565 570 | |
| 30 | GAG TCT ACT CTT ACC AAA CTT GGC AAC ACC ATT TCC AGC CTG TTT GGC | 1960 |
| | Glu Ser Thr Leu Thr Lys Leu Gly Asn Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Phe Gly | |
| | 575 580 585 | |
| 35 | GGT GGT ACC TCA TCA GAT GCC AAA GAG AAT GGT ACT GAT GCT GTA CAG | 2008 |
| | Gly Gly Thr Ser Ser Asp Ala Lys Glu Asn Gly Thr Asp Ala Val Gln | |
| | 590 595 600 | |
| 40 | GAG GAG GAG GAG AGC CCT GCT GAG GGG AGC AAG GAT GAG CCT GCA GAA | 2056 |
| | Glu Glu Glu Glu Ser Pro Ala Glu Gly Ser Lys Asp Glu Pro Ala Glu | |
| | 605 610 615 | |
| 45 | CAG GGG GAA CTC AAG GAG GAA GCT GAA GCC CCA ATG GAG GAT ACC TCC | 2104 |
| | Gln Gly Glu Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Glu Ala Pro Met Glu Asp Thr Ser | |
| | 620 625 630 | |
| 50 | CAG CCT CCA CCC TCT GAG CCT AAG GGG GAT GCA GCC CGT GAG GGA GAA | 2152 |
| | Gln Pro Pro Pro Ser Glu Pro Lys Gly Asp Ala Ala Arg Glu Gly Glu | |
| | 635 640 645 650 | |
| 55 | ACA CCT GAT GAA AAA GAA AGT GGG GAC AAG TCT GAG GCC CAG AAG CCC | 2200 |
| | Thr Pro Asp Glu Lys Glu Ser Gly Asp Lys Ser Glu Ala Gln Lys Pro | |
| | 655 660 665 | |
| 60 | AAT GAG AAG GGG CAG GCA GGG CCT GAG GGT GTC CCT CCA GCT CCC GAG | 2248 |
| | Asn Glu Lys Gly Gln Ala Gly Pro Glu Gly Val Pro Pro Ala Pro Glu | |
| | 670 675 680 | |
| 65 | GAA GAA AAA AAG CAG AAA CCT GCC CGG AAG CAG AAA ATG GTG GAG GAG | 2296 |
| | Glu Glu Lys Lys Gln Lys Pro Ala Arg Lys Gln Lys Met Val Glu Glu | |
| | 685 690 695 | |
| 70 | ATA GGT GTG GAA CTG GCT GTC TTG GAC CTG CCA GAC TTG CCA GAG GAT | 2344 |
| | Ile Gly Val Glu Leu Ala Val Leu Asp Leu Pro Asp Leu Pro Glu Asp | |
| | 700 705 710 | |

EP 0 780 472 A2

| | | |
|----|---|------|
| | GAG CTG GCC CAT TCC GTG CAG AAA CTT GAG GAC TTG ACC CTG CGA GAC Glu Leu Ala His Ser Val Gln Lys Leu Glu Asp Leu Thr Leu Arg Asp 715 720 725 730 | 2392 |
| 5 | CTT GAA AAG CAG GAG AGG GAG AAA GCT GCC AAC AGC TTA GAA GCT TTT Leu Glu Lys Gln Glu Arg Glu Lys Ala Ala Asn Ser Leu Glu Ala Phe 735 740 745 | 2440 |
| 10 | ATC TTT GAG ACC CAG GAC AAA CTG TAC CAA CCT GAG TAC CAG GAA GTG Ile Phe Glu Thr Gln Asp Lys Leu Tyr Gln Pro Glu Tyr Gln Glu Val 750 755 760 | 2488 |
| 15 | TCC ACT GAG GAA CAA CGG GAG GAG ATC TCT GGA AAA CTC AGT GCC ACT Ser Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Lys Leu Ser Ala Thr 765 770 775 | 2536 |
| | TCT ACC TGG CTG GAG GAT GAG GGA TTT GGA GCC ACC ACT GTG ATG TTG Ser Thr Trp Leu Glu Asp Glu Gly Phe Gly Ala Thr Thr Val Met Leu 780 785 790 | 2584 |
| 20 | AAG GAC AAG CTG GCT GAG CTG AGA AAG CTG TGC CAA GGG CTG TTT TTT Lys Asp Lys Leu Ala Glu Leu Arg Lys Leu Cys Gln Gly Leu Phe Phe 795 800 805 810 | 2632 |
| 25 | CGG GTG GAA GAG CGC AGG AAA TGG CCA GAG CGG CTT TCA GCT CTG GAT Arg Val Glu Glu Arg Arg Lys Trp Pro Glu Arg Leu Ser Ala Leu Asp 815 820 825 | 2680 |
| | AAT CTC CTC AAT CAC TCC AGC ATT TTC CTC AAG GGT GCC CGA CTC ATC Asn Leu Leu Asn His Ser Ser Ile Phe Leu Lys Gly Ala Arg Leu Ile 830 835 840 | 2728 |
| 30 | CCA GAG ATG GAC CAG ATC TTC ACT GAC GTG GAG ATG ACA ACG TTG GAG Pro Glu Met Asp Gln Ile Phe Thr Asp Val Glu Met Thr Thr Leu Glu 845 850 855 | 2776 |
| 35 | AAA GTC ATC AAT GAC ACC TGG ACC TGG AAG AAT GCA ACC CTG GCC GAG Lys Val Ile Asn Asp Thr Trp Thr Trp Lys Asn Ala Thr Leu Ala Glu 860 865 870 | 2824 |
| | CAG GCC AAG CTT CCT GCC ACA GAG AAA CCC GTG CTG CTT TCA AAA GAC Gln Ala Lys Leu Pro Ala Thr Glu Lys Pro Val Leu Leu Ser Lys Asp 875 880 885 890 | 2872 |
| 40 | ATC GAG GCC AAA ATG ATG GCC CTG GAC CGG GAG GTG CAG TAT CTA CTC Ile Glu Ala Lys Met Met Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Val Gln Tyr Leu Leu 895 900 905 | 2920 |
| 45 | AAT AAG GCC AAG TTT ACT AAA CCC CGG CCA CGG CCC AAG GAC AAG AAT Asn Lys Ala Lys Phe Thr Lys Pro Arg Pro Arg Pro Lys Asp Lys Asn 910 915 920 | 2968 |
| 50 | GGC ACC CGG ACA GAG CCT CCC CTC AAT GCC AGT GCT GGT GAC CAA GAG Gly Thr Arg Thr Glu Pro Pro Leu Asn Ala Ser Ala Gly Asp Gln Glu 925 930 935 | 3016 |
| | GAA AAG GTC ATT CCA CCT ACA GGC CAG ACT GAA GAG GCG AAG GCC ATC Glu Lys Val Ile Pro Pro Thr Gly Gln Thr Glu Glu Ala Lys Ala Ile 940 945 950 | 3064 |

55

EP 0 780 472 A2

TTA GAA CCT GAC AAA GAA GGG CTT GGT ACA GAG GCA GCA GAC TCT GAG 3112
 Leu Glu Pro Asp Lys Glu Gly Leu Gly Thr Glu Ala Ala Asp Ser Glu
 955 960 965 970

5 CCT CTG GAA TTA GGA GGT CCT GGT GCA GAA TCT GAA CAG GCA GAG CAG 3160
 Pro Leu Glu Leu Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Glu Ser Glu Gln Ala Glu Gln
 975 980 985

10 ACA GCA GGG CAG AAG CGG CCT TTG AAG AAT GAT GAG CTG TGACCCCGCG 3209
 Thr Ala Gly Gln Lys Arg Pro Leu Lys Asn Asp Glu Leu
 990 995

CCTCCGCTCC ACTTGCTCC AGCCCTTCT CCTACCACCT CTA 3252

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 31 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

Leu Ala Val Met Ser Val Asp Leu Gly Ser Glu Ser Met Lys Val Ala
 1 5 10 15

Ile Val Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu Ile Val Leu Asn Lys Glu
 20 25 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
 (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "synthetic nucleic acid"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

AATACGACTC ACTATAGGGA 20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
(A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "synthetic nucleic acid"

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: -
(B) LOCATION:6
(D) OTHER INFORMATION:/note= "N at position 6 is an
inosine residue."

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: -
(B) LOCATION:9
(D) OTHER INFORMATION:/note= "N at position 9 is an
inosine residue."

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

AARCCNGGNG TNCCNATGGA

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

Lys Pro Gly Val Pro Met Glu Ile Val Leu Asn Lys Glu
1 5 10

EP 0 780 472 A2

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
 (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "synthetic nucleic acid"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:

GCACCCCTTGA GGAAAATGCT

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: other nucleic acid
 (A) DESCRIPTION: /desc = "synthetic nucleic acid"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

CCCAGAAGCC CAATGAGAAG

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 2861 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

GAAAGAAGTA GACATGGGAG ACTTCATTTT GTTCTGTACT AAGAAAAATT CTTCTGCCTT 60
 GGGATGCTGT TGATCTATGA CCTTACCCCC AACCTGTGC TCTCTGAAAC ATGTGCTGTG 120
 TCCAATCAGG GTTAAATGGA TTAAGGGCGG TGCAAGATGT GCTTTGTTAA ACAGATGCTT 180
 GAAGGCAGCA TGCTCGTTAG GAGTCATCAC CACTCCCTAA TCTCAAGTAC CCAGGGACAC 240
 AAACACTGCG GAAGGCCACA GGGTCCTCTG CCTAGGAAAG CCAGAGACCT TTGTTCACTT 300

EP 0 780 472 A2

GTTTATCTGC TGACCTTCCC TCCACTATTG TCCTATGACC CTGCCAAATC CCCCCTCTGCC 360
 AGAAACACCC AAGAATGATC AATAAAAAAA AAAAAAAGGAAG AATAGACTCT 420
 5 CTCTGGGACT GCCAATAATT TTTCTTCTA AGCATAGACA CCGGACCACT CTCCACCTAA 480
 GCATCACGAA AAATGTAGAG AAAGGAAGAG CTAAGAGCTC CTAAACAAG TTCAGGCTTG 540
 ACACAACCCCT GGCCCTGACA GCCAGGGTCT TCAAGCGGGC CTTTCTGTGA AGGGTGGCCA 600
 10 GGCATCAACT TAGTAGGAGA GAAAACAGAT GACTTATTTC CATCCACACT TAAGGAAAAT 660
 GCAGTCTCCA AGGACTGCGT ACATTTCTTT TTCGAGAAGG AGTCTCGCTG TTGTCGCCCCA 720
 GGCTGGAGTG CAGTGGCGCA GTCTGGGCTC ACAGCAACCT CTGCCTCCCG GATTCAAGCA 780
 15 ATTCTCCTGC CTCAGCCTCG TGAGTAGCTG GGATTACAGG CACCCGCCAC CACGCCTGGC 840
 TAATTTTTGT AGTTTTGGTA GAGACGGGGT TTCACCATGT TGGCCAGGCT GGTCTCGAAC 900
 TCCTGACCTC CAGTGATTCG CCCGCCTTGG CCTCCCAAAA TGCTGGGATT ACAGGCGTGA 960
 20 GCCACCGCGC CCGGGCGACT GCGCACATTT CTATGGAGCT GTAAGTAAA AGAGAAGGCA 1020
 GTGAGGTGCT TCTGTCAATC TATGACAGAA ACAGCTAAAG AGTAGAGAAA TGTTCACAAG 1080
 25 ATTTAATAGA ACAGAAATAG GAGAAGGTGC ACACAAGCTC AACCAACTAT AGCCTCACAA 1140
 AATAAAGTGT CTTTTGTGTG TAGTACTTAA GTTTGGAATA TTCTTTCTTA TACAAATGAG 1200
 TGGGGCTTAA CCTAAGAAAT CCTGGCCAGA TTCTGCGACG AATGCATCGG TTATCTCTGA 1260
 30 CCCATCAGCA AACATCTTTT TCTGTGGCTT CAGTTTCTC AGTAAAACAG AGGGGGTTGC 1320
 GACGGACTCA GTCCGAGGCA CAGCCATTCT CCAACGTCTA TCCAAAGCCT AGGGCACCTC 1380
 AATACTAACC GGCAGGCCAG CGCCCCCTCC GCGGGGCTGC GGACAGGACG CCGTTATTTC 1440
 35 CATTCCTCGG CCGGGCTCTA CAGGTGACCG GAAGAAGAGC CCCGAGTGGG GGAAGTGCAGT 1500
 GCGCCCGACC TGCTCTAGGC GCAGGTCACT CCCGAACCCC GGCAGCAAAG CATCCAGCGC 1560
 CGGAAAAGGT CCCGCGGTCTG CCCCAGGGCC GCGGCTGGGG AGGAAGGAGT GGAGCGCGCT 1620
 40 GGCCCCGTGA CGTGGTCCAA TCCAGGCCG ACGCCGGCTG CTTCTGCCCC ACCGGTGGCT 1680
 GGTCCCCTCC GCCGCCCCCA TTACAAGGCT GGCAAAGGGA GGGGGCGGGG CCTGGGACGT 1740
 GGTCCAATGA GTACGCGCGC CGGGCGGGCG GGGGCGGGC CGGGCGCGCA GCGCAGGGCC 1800
 45 GGGCGGCCGA GGCTCCAATG AGCGCCCGCC GCGTCCGGGG CCGGCTGGTG CGCGAGACGC 1860
 CGCCGAGAGG TTGGTGGCTA ATGTAACAGT TTGCAAACCG AGAGGAGTTG TGAAGGGCGC 1920
 GGGTGGGGGG CGCTCCCGGC CTCGTGGGTA CGTTCGTGCC GCGTCTGTCC CAGAGCTGGG 1980
 50 GCCGAGGAG CGGAGGCAAG AGGTAGCGGG GGTGGATGGA GGTGCGGGCC GGCCACCCCT 2040
 CCTAGGGGAG ACAGCGTGCG AGCTCCGGGG GCGGGTCGGG AGCGCAAGGG AGGGCCCGCG 2100

55

5
 10
 15
 20
 25
 30

| | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| GGACGCCGGG | CGCTCGGCCT | CGCACCGGGG | GGCACGCAGC | TCGGCCCCCG | GTCTGTCCCC | 2160 |
| ACTTGCTGGG | GCGGGCCGGG | ATCCGTTTCC | GGGAGTGGGA | GCCGCCGCCT | TCGTCAGGTG | 2220 |
| GGGTTTAGGT | GAACACCGGG | TAACGGCTAC | CCGCCGGGCG | GGGAACCTTA | CCGCCCTTGG | 2280 |
| CAC TGCGTCT | GTGGGCACAG | CGGGGCCGGG | GAGTGAGCTG | GGAAAGGGGA | GGGGGCGGGA | 2340 |
| CAACCCGCAG | GGATGCCGAG | GAGGAGATAG | GCCTTTCCTT | CATCCTAGCT | ACCCCCAACG | 2400 |
| TCATTACCTT | TCTCTTCCCG | TCCAGGCCCA | GCTGGCTTTC | CCCGTCAGCG | GGGGAGCTCC | 2460 |
| AGGTGTGGGG | AGGTGGTTGA | GCCCTGGGCG | GGGATCCCTG | GCCGCACCCC | AGGTGTCTGA | 2520 |
| CAACAGGCAC | AGTGCTGCGG | TGCGCCACTC | ACTGCCTGTG | TGGTGGACAA | AAGGCTCGGG | 2580 |
| TCTCCTTTCT | CTTGTCCTGT | TAGCTTCTCT | GTTTAGGGAT | GTGGCAAAGC | CGAGGACCCA | 2640 |
| TGCTCTTTCA | CTTGGGCCTT | TGTGTGGGCG | CTGCTGGGAT | GATTAGAGAA | TGGTTTGTAC | 2700 |
| CCATCAGGAG | GGAGAAGGGG | AGAAGTAGGC | TGATCTGCCC | TGGGTAAGAA | TGAAGTAGAT | 2760 |
| ATGAATCTTA | CAGCCTCTCC | GTTCTGGGAT | GTGATTCTGT | CTCCTTCACT | CCGGGTATCC | 2820 |
| AGTTTTAAGT | GTTTTCTTTC | TTCGCCTCCC | CCAGGGGCAC | T | | 2861 |

Claims

1. A polynucleotide encoding an ORP150 polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) polynucleotides encoding the polypeptide having the amino acid sequence as depicted in SEQ ID NO:1 or a fragment of the polypeptide;
- (b) polynucleotides comprising the coding region of the nucleotide sequence as shown in SEQ ID NO:2 or a fragment thereof;
- (c) polynucleotides encoding the polypeptide having the amino acid sequence as depicted in SEQ ID NO:3 or a fragment of the polypeptide;
- (d) polynucleotides comprising the coding region of the nucleotide sequence as depicted in SEQ ID NO:4 or a fragment thereof;
- (e) polynucleotides encoding an ORP150 polypeptide which differs from the polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide of (a) or (c) due to deletion(s), addition(s), insertion(s) and/or substitutions(s) of one or more amino acid residues; and
- (f) polynucleotides the complementary strand of which hybridizes to a polynucleotide of any one of (a) to (e) and which encode an ORP150 polypeptide;

and the complementary strand of such a polynucleotide.

2. The polynucleotide of claim 1 which is DNA.
3. The polynucleotide of claim 2 which is genomic DNA.
4. The polynucleotide of claim 1 which is RNA.
5. A vector comprising the polynucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 4.

EP 0 780 472 A2

6. The vector of claim 5, in which the polynucleotide is operatively linked to regulatory elements which allow for expression in prokaryotic or eukaryotic host cells.
7. A host cell transformed and genetically engineered with a polynucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 4 or with a vector of claim 5 or 6.
8. A process for the preparation of an ORP150 polypeptide comprising culturing the host cell of claim 7 and recovering the polypeptide from the cells and/or the culture medium.
9. A polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 4 or obtainable by the process of claim 8.
10. An antibody or fragment thereof which specifically recognizes the polypeptide of claim 9.
11. A nucleic acid molecule which specifically hybridizes to a polynucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 4.
12. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 4, the polypeptide of claim 9, the antibody of claim 10 and/or the nucleic acid molecule of claim 11 and optionally a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
13. A diagnostic composition comprising a polynucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 4, the polypeptide of claim 9, the antibody of claim 10 and/or the nucleic acid molecule of claim 11.
14. Use of the polynucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 4, the polypeptide of claim 9, the antibody of claim 10 or the nucleic acid molecule of claim 11 for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of ischemic diseases.
15. A nucleic acid molecule having promoter activity and being able to promote transcription in cells when exposed to hypoxia selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) polynucleotides comprising the nucleotide sequence as depicted in SEQ ID NO:12 or a fragment thereof; and
 - (b) polynucleotides hybridizing with the polynucleotide of (a).

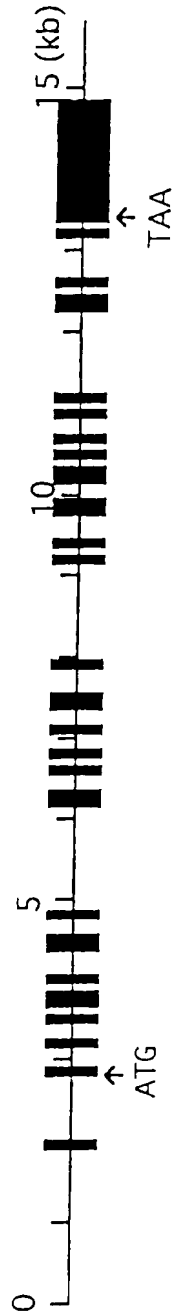


FIGURE 1

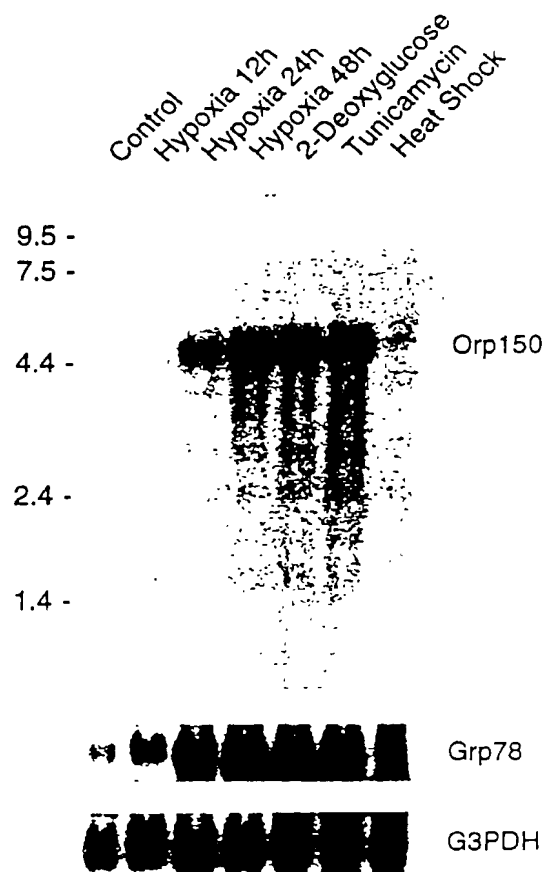


FIGURE 2



FIGURE 3